# Semi-annual Securities Report

"Hanki Hokokusho"

(Excerpt)

for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.

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[Submitted to] Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau

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[Accounting Period] During the 9th Fiscal Year

(from April 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013)

[Company Name] Kabushiki-Kaisha Mitsubishi Tokyo UFJ Ginko

[Company Name in English] The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.

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#### I. Overview of the Company

#### 1. Key Financial Data and Trends

(1) Key consolidated financial data and trends over the recent three semi-annual periods and two fiscal years

(Millions of yen, unless otherwise stated)

(Millions of yen, unless otherwise stat					
	Semi-annual Period of Fiscal 2011	Semi-annual Period of Fiscal 2012	Semi-annual Period of Fiscal 2013	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2012
	From April 1, 2011 to September 30, 2011	From April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012	From April 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013	From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012	From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013
Consolidated ordinary income	1,714,655	1,710,908	1,765,676	3,295,914	3,419,307
Consolidated ordinary profit	536,570	439,463	574,599	931,709	1,070,928
Semi-annual consolidated net income	325,944	227,569	339,525	_	_
Consolidated net income	_	_	_	544,324	673,514
Semi-annual consolidated comprehensive income	346,696	207,897	520,098	_	_
Consolidated comprehensive income	_	_	_	782,932	1,573,447
Consolidated total equity	8,960,552	9,358,460	11,124,540	9,262,169	10,658,841
Consolidated total assets	169,385,245	169,554,150	192,147,651	171,663,939	181,625,557
Total equity per share (yen)	594.16	628.73	763.27	620.62	729.93
Semi-annual net income per common share (yen)	25.65	17.69	26.76	_	_
Net income per common share (yen)	_	_	_	42.57	53.07
Diluted semi-annual net income per common share (yen)	25.65	17.69	26.76	-	-
Diluted net income per common share (yen)	_	_		42.57	53.07
Capital ratio (%)	4.57	4.81	5.11	4.70	5.18
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,732,270	(1,915,540)	(394,082)	6,618,372	(1,608,988)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,279,009)	2,435,131	560,911	(6,199,174)	3,123,896
Net cash used in financing activities	(510,741)	(825,252)	(534,784)	(538,844)	(992,372)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of semi- annual period	3,117,382	2,721,630	3,469,125	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	_	_	_	3,024,292	3,692,657
Number of employees [Besides the above, average number of temporary employees]	57,568 [21,200]	58,378 [20,700]	59,750 [20,800]	57,338 [21,000]	59,057 [20,700]

<sup>(</sup>Notes) 1. National and local consumption taxes of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Bank") and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries are accounted for using the tax-excluded method.

<sup>2.</sup> The basis of calculation of Per Share Information is described in "Per share information" under Section "Notes to Semi-annual Consolidated Financial Statements" of "Financial Information."

<sup>3.</sup> Capital ratio is calculated by dividing ("total equity at the end of (semi-annual) period" - "subscription rights to

- shares at the end of (semi-annual) period" "minority interests at the end of (semi-annual) period") by "total assets at the end of (semi-annual) period."
- 4. The average number of temporary employees includes contractors and figures are rounded to the nearest hundred.

## (2) Key non-consolidated financial data and trends of the Bank over the recent three semi-annual periods and two fiscal years

(Millions of yen, unless otherwise stated)

	1			yen, umess our	er wise statea)
Fiscal period	7th Semi-annual Period	8th Semi-annual Period	9th Semi-annual Period	7th Term	8th Term
Period of account	September 2011	September 2012	September 2013	March 2012	March 2013
Ordinary income	1,421,902	1,423,476	1,431,853	2,766,126	2,796,371
Ordinary profit	416,514	326,466	455,168	743,322	860,995
Semi-annual net income	271,900	171,416	269,962	_	_
Net income	_	_	_	469,042	585,112
Capital stock	1,711,958	1,711,958	1,711,958	1,711,958	1,711,958
Total number of shares issued (thousands of shares)	Common stock 12,350,038 1st series Class 2 preferred stock 100,000 1st series Class 4 preferred stock 79,700 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 1,000 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 177,000	Common stock 12,350,038 1st series Class 2 preferred stock 100,000 1st series Class 4 preferred stock 79,700 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 1,000 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 1,7000	1st series Class 2 preferred stock 100,000 1st series Class 4 preferred stock 79,700 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 1,000 1st series Class 7 preferred stock	1st series Class 2 preferred stock 100,000 1st series Class 4 preferred stock 79,700 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 1,000 1st series Class 7 preferred stock	1st series Class 2 preferred stock 100,000 1st series Class 4 preferred stock 79,700 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 1,000 1st series Class 7 preferred stock
Total equity	7,512,030	7,919,138	9,087,127	7,895,334	8,908,319
Total assets	159,545,453	159,267,825	177,492,440	161,441,406	169,305,125
Balance of deposits	103,847,500	107,025,577	114,284,127	106,680,877	112,154,287
Balance of loans and bills discounted	64,386,916	69,074,738	76,327,721	69,386,000	74,104,875
Balance of securities	61,839,746	61,564,851	61,260,401	63,452,246	63,071,374
Semi-annual net income per common share (yen)	21.28	13.14	21.13	_	_
Net income per common share (yen)	_	_	_	36.50	45.91
Diluted semi-annual net income per common share (yen)	-	-	_	_	_
Diluted net income per common share (yen)	_	_	_	_	_
Dividends per share (yen)	Common stock 5.89 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 105.45 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 57.50	Common stock 5.60 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 105.45 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 57.50	Common stock 7.35 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 57.50	Common stock 11.64 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 210.90 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 115.00	Common stock 11.19 1st series Class 6 preferred stock 105.45 1st series Class 7 preferred stock 115.00
Capital ratio (%)	4.70	4.97	5.11	4.89	5.26
Number of employees [Besides the above, average number of temporary employees]	35,589 [12,591]	36,631 [12,294]	37,798 [12,512]	35,480 [12,468]	36,499 [12,283]

(Notes) 1. National and local consumption taxes are accounted for using the tax-excluded method.

- 2. Capital ratio is calculated by dividing ("total equity at the end of (semi-annual) period" "subscription rights to shares at the end of (semi-annual) period") by "total assets at the end of (semi-annual) period."
- 3. Diluted (semi-annual) net income per common share was not stated due to the absence of residual securities.
- 4. The average number of temporary employees includes contractors.

#### 2. Business Outline

Under its parent company, Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., the Group (The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. and its subsidiaries and affiliates) comprises the Bank, 146 consolidated subsidiaries, and 59 equity-method affiliates, and is engaged in banking and other financial services (including trading of financial instruments and leasing).

There were no significant changes in the nature of business operated by the Group during the current semi-annual period.

Additionally, changes in the major subsidiaries and affiliates are described in "3. Information on Subsidiaries and Affiliates."

#### 3. Information on Subsidiaries and Affiliates

The followings items refer to significant changes in the subsidiaries and affiliates during the current semiannual period:

#### (1) Exclusion

(Corporate Banking Business Unit)

NBL Co., Ltd., previously the Bank's consolidated subsidiary, was excluded from the Bank's subsidiaries and affiliates due to the sales of its shares held by the Bank during the current semi-annual period.

(Global Business Unit)

PT. Bank Nusantara Parahyangan, Tbk., previously the Bank's equity-method affiliate, was excluded from the Bank's subsidiaries and affiliates due to a decline in the Bank's ratio of voting rights held during the current semi-annual period.

#### (2) New subsidiaries and affiliates

The following companies were newly included as the Bank's subsidiaries and affiliates during the current semi-annual period:

(Global Business Unit)

(Consolidated subsidiary)

Company name	Address	Ratio of voting rights holding (held) (%)
	New York, New York, the United States	100.0

(Equity-method affiliate)

<u> </u>		
Company name	Address	Ratio of voting rights holding (held) (%)
Thousiry and Trade	Hanoi, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam	19.7

#### 4. Employees

(1) Number of employees in consolidated companies

As of September 30, 2013

	Retail Banking Business Unit	Corporate Banking Business Unit	Global Business Unit	Global Markets Unit	Other units	Total
Number of employees	15,359	10,092	23,203	1,315	9,781	59,750
	[8,900]	[2,400]	[1,400]	[0]	[8,000]	[20,800]

- (Notes) 1. Number of employees includes locally hired overseas staff members, but excludes 3,765 contract employees and 20,900 temporary employees.
  - 2. Numbers within brackets indicate average number of temporary employees over the current semi-annual period.
  - 3. Number of temporary employees includes contractors and is rounded to the nearest hundred for the end of the current semi-annual period as well as for an average over the half year.
  - 4. Number of contractors counted as temporary employees was 7,300 at the end of the current semi-annual period while 7,300 on average over the half year (both numbers are rounded to the nearest hundred).

#### (2) Employees of the Bank

As of September 30, 2013

	Retail Banking Business Unit	Corporate Banking Business Unit	Global Business Unit	Global Markets Unit	Other units	Total
Number of employees	14,214	9,037	7,654	1,315	5,578	37,798
	[8,177]	[2,073]	[442]	[58]	[1,762]	[12,512]

- (Notes) 1. Number of employees includes locally hired overseas staff members, but excludes 1,854 contract employees and 12,649 temporary employees.
  - 2. Number within brackets indicates average number of temporary employees for the current semi-annual period.
  - 3. Number of temporary employees includes contractors. Number of contractors was 2,998 at the end of the current semi-annual period and 2,873 on average over the half year.
  - 4. Number of employees excludes 79 Executive Officers (13 of whom serving as Directors concurrently).
  - 5. Employees union of the Bank is called The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Union with the membership of 24,482. No significant issues exist between the union and the management.

#### **II. Business Overview**

#### 1. Summary of Results

With regard to financial and economic conditions during the current semi-annual period, although economies continued to grow in most major countries and regions, their pace of growth varied greatly. Looking overseas, the U.S. economy showed a gradual increase in its growth rate following improvements in the housing market and employment environment. The European economy picked up very slowly but steadily, turning to a positive real GDP growth rate for the euro zone during the period from April to June compared to the previous fiscal year. Meanwhile, in Asia, the pace of growth in the Chinese economy showed a trend to slow down, and economies in other Asian countries were also stagnant due to dwindling exports. Under these circumstances, the Japanese economy showed more signs of sound recovery along with progress in the economic policy under the Abe administration. On the back of the implementation of enhanced monetary easing and emergency economic measures, the weaker yen and soaring stock market led household and business confidence to improve at an early stage. Subsequently, the economies experienced positive changes in a number of areas including domestic demand and exports such as consumer spending and public investment, production, corporate earnings, and employee income.

On the financial front, key interest rates were kept at historically low levels in the United States and the United Kingdom, while the euro zone implemented a cut in its key interest rate in May. Regarding the quantitative easing policy involving bulk purchase of government bonds by central banks, its tapering in the United States looms into view. In addition, some countries of emerging economies raised interest rates out of concern for inflation. Meanwhile, in Japan, the Bank of Japan decided to introduce and has since implemented steadily a new policy of "quantitative and qualitative monetary easing" with a focus primary on doubling the monetary base over the next two years by increasing purchase of long-term government bonds, etc. Under such circumstances, market interest rates fluctuated violently at one point before eventually stabilizing to generally low levels for both short-term and long-term. The increase in stock market volatility resulted in higher stock prices at the end of September compared to the end of March, while the volatile foreign exchange markets resulted in the yen closing at a weaker level relative to other currencies at the end of the period.

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Bank") continued its efforts to achieve its vision of becoming "a reliable financial group of choice on a global scale." In order to realize this goal and respond to the expectations and trust of its customers and other concerned parties, the Bank extended its effort for better financial facilitation. Consequently, the Bank achieved the results set out below in collaboration with Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "MUFG") and MUFG Group companies.

The Retail Banking Business Unit, while experiencing a decline in profit on deposits, was helped by strong results from the sales of fund management products and its consumer finance business. In addition, the Corporate Banking Business Unit, although experiencing a decline in profit on deposits, achieved favorable results in its investment banking business, while in the Global Business Unit, non-Japanese businesses were solid. Meanwhile, the Global Markets Unit, despite its profits falling short of the previous fiscal year, carried out its agile position taking in response to changes in the external environment.

In addition, the Bank set out in December 2012 the "Principles of Ethics and Conduct" as the guidelines on decisions and actions for officers and employees to carry out in order to fulfill the management vision of the MUFG Group, under which each and every employee is instilled with the concept of "Customer Focus," "Responsibility as a Corporate Citizen" and "Ethical and Dynamic Workplace" in order to contribute to customers and the society. Furthermore, the Bank intends to gain greater customer satisfaction by swiftly responding to the opinions and requests of customers collected through call centers or "customer voice cards" put in the lobby of each business office or elsewhere.

Separately, in an effort to implement corporate social responsibility (CSR)-focused management in the financial sector, its main business, the Bank has been working to contribute to the creation of an environment-conscious society by providing products and services to assist customers in dealing with environmental issues and actively involving itself in various social welfare programs.

The Bank is committed to enhancing and reinforcing the management, internal control and compliance, and is also aiming to earn customers' complete confidence.

Results for the current consolidated semi-annual period are as follows.

Assets increased by \$22,593.5 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$192,147.6 billion. Major components were loans and bills discounted of \$84,779.9 billion and securities of \$62,288.1 billion. Liabilities increased by \$20,827.4 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$181,023.1 billion. Major components were deposits and negotiable certificates of deposit of \$134,374.9 billion.

As for profits and losses, net operating income decreased by \$140.6 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$501.8 billion, ordinary profit increased by \$135.1 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$574.5 billion, and semi-annual net income increased by \$111.9 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$339.5 billion.

Results by reportable segment are as follows.

1. Retail Banking Business Unit

Net operating income was \$70.3 billion, with an increase of \$4.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

2. Corporate Banking Business Unit

Net operating income was ¥181.1 billion, with an increase of ¥18.6 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

3. Global Business Unit

Net operating income was \\ \pm 167.5 \text{ billion, with an increase of \} \\ \ \ \ \ 50.9 \text{ billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.}

4. Global Markets Unit

Net operating income was \\$150.7 billion, with a decrease of \\$195.0 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

5. Other units

Net operating loss was \$68.0 billion, with an increase of \$19.3 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

With regard to cash flows, operating activities used net cash of \$394.0 billion, with a \$1,521.4 billion decrease in expenses from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Investing activities generated net cash of \$560.9 billion, with a \$1,874.2 billion decrease in cash inflows from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Financing activities used net cash of \$534.7 billion, with a \$290.4 billion decrease in expenses from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the current semi-annual period were \$3,469.1 billion, with a \$747.4 billion increase from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

The consolidated risk-adjusted capital ratio based on uniform international standards as of September 30, 2013 was 17.26%.

(1) Income and expenses for domestic and overseas operations

Details of income and expenses for domestic and overseas operations are as follows:

The total amount of net interest income, net fees and commissions, net trading income and net other operating income for the current semi-annual period was \$1,243.0 billion, with a \$78.2 billion decrease from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Of this, domestic operations posted an income of \$821.6 billion, with a decrease of \$174.0 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, and overseas operations posted an income of \$463.4 billion, with an increase of \$93.4 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(Millions of yen)

Item	Semi-annual period	Domestic	Overseas	Amount of elimination	Total
item	Senn-annual period	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Not interest in some	Previous semi-annual period	474,110	250,842	(7,149)	717,802
Net interest income	Current semi-annual period	451,160	310,798	(5,090)	756,867
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	576,629	377,087	(45,969)	907,747
interest income	Current semi-annual period	523,578	468,291	(51,056)	940,812
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	102,518	126,245	(38,819)	189,944
interest expenses	Current semi-annual period	72,418	157,492	(45,965)	183,944
Net fees and commissions	Previous semi-annual period	207,104	80,840	(36,056)	251,888
Net lees and commissions	Current semi-annual period	228,291	92,255	(32,938)	287,608
Of which, fees and	Previous semi-annual period	274,923	84,623	(46,908)	312,638
commissions income	Current semi-annual period	300,144	98,832	(45,719)	353,257
Of which, fees and	Previous semi-annual period	67,818	3,783	(10,852)	60,749
commissions expenses	Current semi-annual period	71,853	6,576	(12,781)	65,648
Net trading income	Previous semi-annual period	54,144	18,229	(3,070)	69,303
Net trading income	Current semi-annual period	45,748	13,547	(2,004)	57,292
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	54,144	18,238	(3,079)	69,303
trading income	Current semi-annual period	45,962	14,619	(2,208)	58,374
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	J	9	(9)	
trading expenses	Current semi-annual period	213	1,072	(204)	1,081
Not other exercises in come	Previous semi-annual period	260,402	20,103	1,835	282,341
Net other operating income	Current semi-annual period	96,467	46,843	(1,991)	141,320
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	312,478	59,807	(24,164)	348,121
other operating income	Current semi-annual period	184,964	75,232	(24,582)	235,613
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	52,075	39,704	(25,999)	65,779
other operating expenses	Current semi-annual period	88,496	28,388	(22,591)	94,293

(Notes) 1. "Domestic" includes offices of the Bank (excluding its overseas offices) and consolidated subsidiaries whose principal offices are located in Japan (hereinafter referred to as "domestic consolidated subsidiaries"). "Overseas" includes the Bank's overseas offices and consolidated subsidiaries whose principal offices are located abroad (hereinafter referred to as "overseas consolidated subsidiaries").

- 2. Interest expenses are stated excluding expenses related to money held in trust.
- 3. "Amount of elimination" is the total amount of elimination associated with the internal transactions, etc. between consolidated companies.

#### (2) Interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities for domestic and overseas offices

#### 1) Domestic

Status of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities in domestic offices are shown below:

The average balance of interest-earning assets in the current semi-annual period increased by \$4,126.4 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$126,047.7 billion. Yield on interest-earning assets declined by 0.11% to 0.82% and total interest income stood at \$523.5 billion, with a decrease of \$53.0 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. The average balance of interest-bearing liabilities in the current semi-annual period increased by \$3,609.6 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$121,444.1 billion. Yield on interest-bearing liabilities declined by 0.05% to 0.11% and total interest expenses stood at \$72.4 billion, with a decrease of \$30.1 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(Millions of yen)

Itama	Comi onunal nomia d	Average balance	Interest	Yield
Item	Semi-annual period	Amount	Amount	(%)
Interest coming agests	Previous semi-annual period	121,921,271	576,629	0.94
Interest-earning assets	Current semi-annual period	126,047,706	523,578	0.82
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	54,698,077	344,496	1.25
loans and bills discounted	Current semi-annual period	57,111,655	322,036	1.12
Of which, securities	Previous semi-annual period	59,445,159	200,426	0.67
of which, securities	Current semi-annual period	56,863,739	171,823	0.60
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	88,681	81	0.18
call loans and bills bought	Current semi-annual period	55,875	58	0.20
Of which, receivables under	Previous semi-annual period	22,810	10	0.08
resale agreements	Current semi-annual period	33,027	10	0.06
Of which, receivables under	Previous semi-annual period	1,770,324	1,582	0.17
securities borrowing transactions	Current semi-annual period	662,152	1,300	0.39
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	2,437,412	2,118	0.17
due from banks	Current semi-annual period	7,639,458	3,404	0.08
Interest-bearing liabilities	Previous semi-annual period	117,834,504	102,518	0.17
interest-bearing natinties	Current semi-annual period	121,444,129	72,418	0.11
Of which, deposits	Previous semi-annual period	95,826,511	28,743	0.05
Of which, deposits	Current semi-annual period	99,049,185	24,757	0.04
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	3,110,786	1,958	0.12
negotiable certificates of deposit	Current semi-annual period	2,787,382	1,405	0.10
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	2,426,810	1,391	0.11
call money and bills sold	Current semi-annual period	3,121,327	1,667	0.10
Of which, payables under	Previous semi-annual period	7,093,543	10,048	0.28
repurchase agreements	Current semi-annual period	9,874,171	8,239	0.16
Of which, payables under	Previous semi-annual period	1,444,498	1,250	0.17
securities lending transactions	Current semi-annual period	250,333	719	0.57
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	_	_	
commercial paper	Current semi-annual period			
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	7,136,914	43,112	1.20
borrowed money	Current semi-annual period	8,810,011	44,679	1.01

(Notes) 1. The average balance of each asset and liability was generally computed based on an average of daily balances, but figures for certain consolidated subsidiaries were calculated based on an average of month-end balances.

- 2. "Domestic" includes offices of the Bank (excluding its overseas offices) and domestic consolidated subsidiaries.
- 3. The amount of interest-earning assets is stated excluding the average balance of interest-free due from banks. The amount of interest-bearing liabilities is stated excluding the average balance of money held in trust and corresponding interest payments.

#### 2) Overseas

Status of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities in overseas offices are shown below:

The average balance of interest-earning assets in the current semi-annual period increased by \$11,010.7 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$43,464.5 billion. Yield on interest-earning assets declined by 0.16% to 2.14% and total interest income stood at \$468.2 billion, with an increase of \$91.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. The average balance of interest-bearing liabilities in the current semi-annual period increased by \$12,425.9 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$41,737.3 billion. Yield on interest-bearing liabilities decreased by 0.10% to 0.75% and total interest expenses stood at \$157.4 billion, with an increase of \$31.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(Millions of yen)

Itama	Cami ammal maria d	Average balance	Interest	Yield
Item	Semi-annual period	Amount	Amount	(%)
Interest coming agests	Previous semi-annual period	32,453,775	377,087	2.31
Interest-earning assets	Current semi-annual period	43,464,524	468,291	2.14
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	21,747,102	291,168	2.67
loans and bills discounted	Current semi-annual period	28,743,991	355,276	2.46
Of which, securities	Previous semi-annual period	4,233,976	43,844	2.06
Of which, securities	Current semi-annual period	5,427,469	56,144	2.06
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	283,106	3,030	2.13
call loans and bills bought	Current semi-annual period	380,264	4,208	2.20
Of which, receivables under	Previous semi-annual period	823,251	13,797	3.34
resale agreements	Current semi-annual period	1,060,674	16,632	3.12
Of which, receivables under	Previous semi-annual period	_		
securities borrowing transactions	Current semi-annual period	_	_	
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	4,046,571	12,010	0.59
due from banks	Current semi-annual period	5,880,753	17,212	0.58
Interest-bearing liabilities	Previous semi-annual period	29,311,332	126,245	0.85
Interest-bearing natinties	Current semi-annual period	41,737,310	157,492	0.75
Of which, deposits	Previous semi-annual period	15,447,766	46,111	0.59
Of which, deposits	Current semi-annual period	22,989,896	54,937	0.47
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	6,393,435	17,207	0.53
negotiable certificates of deposit	Current semi-annual period	7,352,873	13,571	0.36
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	255,410	1,203	0.94
call money and bills sold	Current semi-annual period	314,917	1,221	0.77
Of which, payables under	Previous semi-annual period	437,161	1,455	0.66
repurchase agreements	Current semi-annual period	463,870	1,837	0.79
Of which, payables under	Previous semi-annual period	_	_	
securities lending transactions	Current semi-annual period	_	_	
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	533,466	851	0.31
commercial paper	Current semi-annual period	930,765	931	0.19
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	1,272,008	7,622	1.19
borrowed money	Current semi-annual period	1,256,825	11,327	1.79

(Notes) 1. The average balance of each asset and liability was generally computed based on an average of daily balances, but figures for certain consolidated subsidiaries were calculated based on an average of month-end balances.

- 2. "Overseas" includes overseas offices of the Bank and overseas consolidated subsidiaries.
- 3. The amount of interest-earning assets is stated excluding the average balance of interest-free due from banks. The amount of interest-bearing liabilities is stated excluding the average balance of money held in trust and corresponding interest payments.

## 3) Total

(Millions of yen)

		Average balance			Interest			Yield
Item	Semi-annual period	Subtotal	Amount of elimination	Total	Subtotal	Amount of elimination	Total	(%)
Interest-earning assets	Previous semi-annual period	154,375,047	(5,146,628)	149,228,419	953,717	(45,969)	907,747	1.21
interest-earning assets	Current semi-annual period	169,512,230	(5,641,155)	163,871,075	991,869	(51,056)	940,812	1.14
Of which, loans	Previous semi-annual period	76,445,179	(2,224,957)	74,220,222	635,665	(34,691)	600,973	1.61
and bills discounted	Current semi-annual period	85,855,646	(2,338,374)	83,517,271	677,312	(36,988)	640,323	1.52
Of which, securities	Previous semi-annual period	63,679,135	(1,764,063)	61,915,071	244,271	(8,394)	235,876	0.75
of which, securities	Current semi-annual period	62,291,209	(1,852,911)	60,438,298	227,967	(7,210)	220,757	0.72
Of which, call loans	Previous semi-annual period	371,787	(42,948)	328,839	3,112	(34)	3,078	1.86
and bills bought	Current semi-annual period	436,139	(31,319)	404,819	4,266	(45)	4,221	2.08
Of which, receivables	Previous semi-annual period	846,062	_	846,062	13,807	ı	13,807	3.25
under resale agreements	Current semi-annual period	1,093,701	-	1,093,701	16,642	1	16,642	3.03
Of which, receivables under securities	Previous semi-annual period	1,770,324	_	1,770,324	1,582	-	1,582	0.17
borrowing transactions	Current semi-annual period	662,152	_	662,152	1,300	_	1,300	0.39
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	6,483,983	(1,085,775)	5,398,208	14,129	(1,614)	12,515	0.46
due from banks	Current semi-annual period	13,520,212	(1,339,808)	12,180,403	20,617	(2,364)	18,252	0.29
Interest bearing lightlities	Previous semi-annual period	147,145,837	(3,483,520)	143,662,317	228,764	(38,819)	189,944	0.26
Interest-bearing liabilities	Current semi-annual period	163,181,439	(3,989,660)	159,191,779	229,910	(45,965)	183,944	0.23
Of which, deposits	Previous semi-annual period	111,274,277	(753,964)	110,520,312	74,855	(1,182)	73,672	0.13
Of which, deposits	Current semi-annual period	122,039,082	(895,610)	121,143,471	79,694	(1,546)	78,147	0.12
Of which, negotiable	Previous semi-annual period	9,504,221	(280,691)	9,223,530	19,165	(92)	19,073	0.41
certificates of deposit	Current semi-annual period	10,140,255	(266,540)	9,873,714	14,977	(35)	14,942	0.30
Of which, call money	Previous semi-annual period	2,682,221	(44,022)	2,638,198	2,595	(35)	2,560	0.19
and bills sold	Current semi-annual period	3,436,245	(123,280)	3,312,965	2,888	(145)	2,742	0.16
Of which, payables under repurchase	Previous semi-annual period	7,530,704	-	7,530,704	11,503	1	11,503	0.30
agreements	Current semi-annual period	10,338,041	_	10,338,041	10,076	-	10,076	0.19
Of which, payables under securities lending	Previous semi-annual period	1,444,498	-	1,444,498	1,250	I	1,250	0.17
transactions	Current semi-annual period	250,333	_	250,333	719	-	719	0.57
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	533,466	-	533,466	851	-	851	0.31
commercial paper	Current semi-annual period	930,765	_	930,765	931	_	931	0.19
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	8,408,923	(2,303,347)	6,105,576	50,735	(34,789)	15,945	0.52
borrowed money	Current semi-annual period	10,066,837	(2,557,977)	7,508,859	56,007	(37,257)	18,749	0.49

(Note) "Amount of elimination" is the total amount of elimination associated with the internal transactions, etc. between consolidated companies.

#### (3) Fees and commissions by domestic and overseas office

Net fees and commissions income are as follows:

Fees and commissions income of domestic offices for the current semi-annual period was \$300.1 billion, with an increase of \$25.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Fees and commissions expenses were \$71.8 billion, with an increase of \$4.0 billion from the previous semi-annual period, resulting in a net fees and commissions income of \$228.2 billion, with an increase of \$21.1 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Fees and commissions income of overseas offices during the current semi-annual period was \$98.8 billion, with an increase of \$14.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, while fees and commissions expenses were \$6.5 billion, with an increase of \$2.7 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, resulting in a net fees and commissions income of \$92.2 billion, with an increase of \$11.4 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Consequently, total net fees and commissions income for the current semi-annual period stood at \\$287.6 billion, with an increase of \\$35.7 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(Millions of yen)

Item	Semi-annual period	Domestic	Overseas	Amount of elimination	Total
rtem	Seini-ainiuai periou	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Fees and commissions	Previous semi-annual period	274,923	84,623	(46,908)	312,638
income	Current semi-annual period	300,144	98,832	(45,719)	353,257
Of which, domestic and	Previous semi-annual period	74,119	3,891	(160)	77,850
foreign exchange services	Current semi-annual period	74,604	4,593	(163)	79,034
Of which, other commercial banking	Previous semi-annual period	103,623	70,890	(1,106)	173,406
services	Current semi-annual period	123,834	91,633	(1,401)	214,066
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	30,489	6,245	(9,008)	27,726
guarantee services	Current semi-annual period	28,624	8,245	(9,044)	27,825
Of which, securities-	Previous semi-annual period	17,667	400	(9)	18,058
related services	Current semi-annual period	25,769	431	(34)	26,165
Fees and commissions	Previous semi-annual period	67,818	3,783	(10,852)	60,749
expenses	Current semi-annual period	71,853	6,576	(12,781)	65,648
Of which, domestic and	Previous semi-annual period	16,678	248	(147)	16,779
foreign exchange services	Current semi-annual period	16,720	274	(174)	16,820

- (Notes) 1. "Domestic" includes offices of the Bank (excluding its overseas offices) and domestic consolidated subsidiaries."Overseas" includes the Bank's overseas offices and overseas consolidated subsidiaries.
  - 2. "Other commercial banking services" includes deposit-taking and lending services, agency services, custody and safe deposit services, trust-related services and others.
  - 3. "Amount of elimination" is the total amount of elimination associated with the internal transactions, etc. between consolidated companies.

#### (4) Trading results by domestic and overseas office

Details of trading income and expenses

Net trading incomes of domestic and overseas offices are as follows:

Trading income of domestic offices for the current semi-annual period was \$45.9 billion, with a decrease of \$8.1 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Trading expenses of domestic offices for the current semi-annual period was \$0.2 billion, showing an increase of \$0.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, resulting in a net trading income of \$45.7 billion, accompanied by a decrease of \$8.3 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Trading income of overseas offices for the current semi-annual period was \$14.6 billion, with a decrease of \$3.6 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Trading expenses of overseas offices was \$1.0 billion, an increase of \$1.0 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year. As a result, net trading income for the current semi-annual period was \$13.5 billion, with a decrease of \$4.6 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Consequently, total net trading income posted by both domestic and overseas offices for the current semi-annual period stood at \$57.2 billion, with a decrease of \$12.0 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(Millions of yen)

Item	Semi-annual period	Domestic	Overseas	Amount of elimination	Total
rtem	Semi-amidai period	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Too ding in come	Previous semi-annual period	54,144	18,238	(3,079)	69,303
Trading income	Current semi-annual period	45,962	14,619	(2,208)	58,374
Of which, income from	Previous semi-annual period	6,602	1,432	_	8,034
trading securities	Current semi-annual period	6	1,788	(144)	1,651
Of which, income from securities related to	Previous semi-annual period	1,639	(146)	(9)	1,483
trading transactions	Current semi-annual period	_		_	_
Of which, income from	Previous semi-annual period	44,149	16,953	(3,070)	58,033
trading-related financial derivatives	Current semi-annual period	44,576	12,831	(2,004)	55,403
Of which, income from	Previous semi-annual period	1,753		_	1,753
other trading transactions	Current semi-annual period	1,379		(59)	1,319
Trading aunonges	Previous semi-annual period	-	9	(9)	-
Trading expenses	Current semi-annual period	213	1,072	(204)	1,081
Of which, expenses on	Previous semi-annual period	-	-	-	-
trading securities	Current semi-annual period	144		(144)	_
Of which, expenses on securities related to	Previous semi-annual period	_	9	(9)	-
trading transactions	Current semi-annual period	69	1,012	-	1,081
Of which, expenses on trading-related financial	Previous semi-annual period		_	_	
derivatives	Current semi-annual period	_	_	_	
Of which, expenses on	Previous semi-annual period	_	_	_	
other trading transactions	Current semi-annual period	_	59	(59)	

(Notes) 1. "Domestic" includes offices of the Bank (excluding its overseas offices) and domestic consolidated subsidiaries.
"Overseas" includes the Bank's overseas offices and overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Amount of elimination" is the total amount of elimination associated with the internal transactions, etc. between consolidated companies.

#### (5) Balance of deposits by domestic and overseas office

• Deposits by classification (ending balance)

(Millions of yen)

Item	Semi-annual period	Domestic	Overseas	Amount of elimination	Total
item	Semi-amuai periou	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Total demonits	Previous semi-annual period	97,238,918	16,936,051	(897,617)	113,277,352
Total deposits	Current semi-annual period	100,433,974	24,500,121	(1,055,162)	123,878,932
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	61,696,097	7,083,112	(116,511)	68,662,698
liquid deposits	Current semi-annual period	64,544,013	11,189,427	(445,532)	75,287,908
Of which, fixed-term deposits	Previous semi-annual period	30,889,811	9,688,489	(389,422)	40,188,879
	Current semi-annual period	30,511,969	13,101,922	(528,877)	43,085,014
Of which,	Previous semi-annual period	4,653,008	164,449	(391,683)	4,425,774
other deposits	Current semi-annual period	5,377,991	208,771	(80,752)	5,506,009
Negotiable certificates of	Previous semi-annual period	2,998,919	6,736,069	(277,000)	9,457,989
deposit	Current semi-annual period	2,659,858	7,926,145	(90,000)	10,496,004
	Previous semi-annual period	100,237,837	23,672,121	(1,174,617)	122,735,341
Total	Current semi-annual period	103,093,833	32,426,266	(1,145,162)	134,374,937

(Notes) 1. "Domestic" includes offices of the Bank (excluding its overseas offices) and domestic consolidated subsidiaries. "Overseas" includes the Bank's overseas offices and overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

- 3. Liquid deposits = Current deposits + Ordinary deposits + Savings deposits + Deposits at notice
- 4. Fixed-term deposits = Time deposits + Installment savings

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;Amount of elimination" is the total amount of elimination associated with internal transactions, etc. between consolidated companies.

## (6) Balance of loans and bills discounted at domestic and overseas offices

· Loans by type of industry (outstanding balances, composition ratios)

	Previous semi-annual period		Current semi-annual period		
Industry	Amount (Millions of yen)	Composition ratio (%)	Amount (Millions of yen)	Composition ratio (%)	
Domestic (excluding Japan offshore market account)	54,775,315	100.00	57,631,205	100.00	
Manufacturing	7,073,421	12.91	7,436,409	12.90	
Construction	808,861	1.48	769,654	1.33	
Wholesale and retail	5,477,505	10.00	5,595,793	9.71	
Finance and insurance	5,517,298	10.07	5,498,662	9.54	
Real estate, goods rental and leasing	8,044,032	14.69	8,014,099	13.91	
Services	2,571,060	4.69	2,666,837	4.63	
Other industries	25,283,135	46.16	27,649,748	47.98	
Overseas and Japan offshore market account	19,957,140	100.00	27,148,769	100.00	
Governments and public organizations	447,284	2.24	560,129	2.06	
Financial institutions	3,850,521	19.29	5,363,560	19.76	
Others	15,659,334	78.47	21,225,079	78.18	
Total	74,732,455	_	84,779,974	-	

(Note) "Domestic" includes offices of the Bank (excluding its overseas offices) and domestic consolidated subsidiaries.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Overseas" includes the Bank's overseas offices and overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

#### (Reference)

For reference, part of the Bank's non-consolidated financial data is set out below.

#### 1. Results of Operations (non-consolidated)

· Summary of Operations (non-consolidated)

(Millions of yen)

	Previous semi-annual period (A)	Current semi-annual period (B)	Increase (decrease) (B) - (A)
Gross operating income	1,087,682	965,579	(122,103)
Expenses (excluding non-recurring expenses)	518,031	547,620	29,588
Personnel expenses	202,387	222,880	20,493
Non-personnel expenses	289,347	297,700	8,352
Taxes	26,297	27,039	742
Net business profit (loss) before provision for general allowance for credit losses and amortization of goodwill	569,757	418,085	(151,671)
Amortization of goodwill	106	126	20
Net business profit (loss) before provision for general allowance for credit losses	569,650	417,958	(151,691)
Provision for general allowance for credit losses	(11,396)	_	11,396
Net business profit (loss)	581,046	417,958	(163,088)
Of which, net gains (losses) on debt securities	249,035	69,651	(179,383)
Net non-recurring gains (losses)	(254,580)	37,209	291,789
Net gains (losses) on equity securities and other securities	(183,310)	17,665	200,976
Credit costs	52,188	36,441	(15,747)
Write-offs of loans	23,038	32,447	9,408
Provision for specific allowance for credit losses	27,874	_	(27,874)
Other credit costs	1,274	3,993	2,719
Reversal of allowance for credit losses	_	48,633	48,633
Reversal of reserve for contingent losses (credit related)	1,525	3,914	2,388
Gains on collection of bad debts	12,455	11,757	(698)
Other non-recurring gains (losses)	(33,063)	(8,321)	24,742
Ordinary profit	326,466	455,168	128,701
Net extraordinary gains (losses)	269	(24,638)	(24,908)
Of which, impairment loss of long-lived assets	(2,002)	(1,736)	265
Income before income taxes	326,736	430,529	103,793
Income taxes-current	6,049	115,148	109,098
Income taxes-deferred	149,269	45,418	(103,850)
Total taxes	155,319	160,567	5,247
Net income	171,416	269,962	98,545

(Notes) 1. Gross operating income = (net interest income + expenses related to money held in trust) + net fees and commissions income + net trading income + net other operating income.

Net business profit (loss) = gross operating income - expenses (excluding non-recurring expenses) - provision for general allowance for credit losses.
 Net non-recurring gains (losses) represent "Other ordinary income (expenses)" plus non-recurring portions of

- 4. Net non-recurring gains (losses) represent "Other ordinary income (expenses)" plus non-recurring portions of expenses related to money held in trust and retirement benefit costs, after deducting provision for general allowance for credit losses.
- 5. Net gains (losses) on debt securities = gains on sales of bonds losses on sales of bonds losses on write-down of bonds
- 6. Net gains (losses) on equity securities and other securities = gains on sales of equity securities and other securities losses on sales of equity securities and other securities losses on write-down of equity securities and other securities

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;Expenses related to money held in trust" represents interest expenses on the acquisition of money held in trust. As gains (losses) on money held in trust are recorded as non-recurring gains (losses), these expenses related to money held in trust are excluded from interest expenses.

## 2. Average Interest Rate Spread (Domestic Business Segment) (non-consolidated)

	Previous semi-annual period (%)		
	(A)	(B)	(B) - (A)
(1) Total average interest rate on interest-earning assets (i)	0.81	0.71	(0.09)
(a) Average interest rate on loans and bills discounted	1.27	1.14	(0.12)
(b) Average interest rate on securities	0.47	0.45	(0.01)
(2) Total average interest rate on interest-bearing liabilities (ii)	0.78	0.74	(0.03)
(a) Average interest rate on deposits and NCD	0.05	0.04	(0.00)
(b) Average interest rate on other liabilities	0.24	0.20	(0.04)
(3) Overall interest rate spread (i) - (ii)	0.03	(0.03)	(0.06)

<sup>(</sup>Notes) 1. "Domestic business segment" represents yen-denominated transactions at the Bank's offices in Japan.

#### 3. ROE (non-consolidated)

	Previous semi-annual period (%) (A)	Current semi-annual period (%) (B)	Increase (decrease) (B) - (A)
On a net business profit (loss) basis (before provision for general allowance for credit losses and amortization of goodwill)	14.92	9.50	(5.42)
On a net business profit (loss) basis (before provision for general allowance for credit losses)	14.92	9.50	(5.42)
On a net business profit (loss) basis	15.22	9.50	(5.72)
On a net income basis	4.32	6.06	1.74

(Note)

(Profits - total amount of dividends on preferred stocks)  $\times 2$ 

## 4. Status of Debt Guarantees (Acceptances and Guarantees) (non-consolidated)

<sup>·</sup> Breakdown of the balance of acceptances and guarantees (non-consolidated)

	Previous semi	-annual period	Current semi-annual period		
Item	Number of accounts	Amount (Millions of yen)	Number of accounts	Amount (Millions of yen)	
Bill acceptances	1,142	37,672	976	56,488	
Letters of credit	25,885	1,443,072	23,268	1,808,256	
Guarantees	35,119	3,771,333	35,093	4,068,913	
Total acceptances and guarantees	62,146	5,252,078	59,337	5,933,658	

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;Other liabilities" = call money + bills sold + borrowed money

#### (Status of Risk-Adjusted Capital Ratio)

#### (Reference)

In accordance with the provisions of Article 14-2 of the Banking Law, the Bank calculates both consolidated and non-consolidated risk-adjusted capital ratios, based on the computation method defined by the Standards to Determine the Adequacy of its Capital Base in Light of the Assets Held by the Bank (Financial Services Agency Notification No. 19, 2006, hereinafter referred to as the "Notification").

Upon the adoption of uniform international standards, the Bank applies the Advanced Internal Ratings-Based Approach for the computation of the value of credit risk-weighted assets. For the computation of the equivalent amount of operational risks, the Bank employs the Advanced Measurement Approach, as well as implementing the Market Risk Regulation.

#### Consolidated risk-adjusted capital ratios (under uniform international standards)

(Billions of yen, %)

	As of September 30, 2013
1. Consolidated Total Capital Ratio (4/7)	17.26
2. Consolidated Tier 1 Capital Ratio (5/7)	13.13
3. Consolidated Common Equity Capital Ratio (6/7)	11.54
4. Consolidated Total Capital	12,416.2
5. Consolidated Tier 1 Capital	9,442.6
6. Consolidated Common Equity Capital	8,300.6
7. Risk-weighted Assets	71,908.9
8. Consolidated Total Capital Requirements	5,752.7

#### Non-consolidated risk-adjusted capital ratios (under uniform international standards)

(Billions of yen, %)

	As of September 30, 2013
1. Non-consolidated Total Capital Ratio (4/7)	18.74
2. Non-consolidated Tier 1 Capital Ratio (5/7)	14.21
3. Non-consolidated Common Equity Capital Ratio (6/7)	11.99
4. Non-consolidated Total Capital	11,695.1
5. Non-consolidated Tier 1 Capital	8,864.7
6. Non-consolidated Common Equity Capital	7,480.9
7. Risk-weighted Assets	62,379.2
8. Non-consolidated Total Capital Requirements	4,990.3

#### (Reference information)

In accordance with Article 6 of the Act on Emergency Measures for the Reconstruction of the Financial Functions (Act No. 132 of 1998), the Bank assesses assets stated on its balance sheets and classifies them as shown below, based on financial conditions and business performances, etc. of borrowers. These assets include corporate bonds (limited to the corporate bonds on which the payment of all or part of the principal and interest is guaranteed by financial institutions holding such bonds and which were issued through private placement as defined in Article 2, Paragraph 3 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (Act No. 25 of 1948)), loans and bills discounted, foreign exchange assets, other assets booked as accrued interests, suspense payments or customers' liabilities for acceptance and guarantee, and securities if the Bank lent such securities which are required to be disclosed in a note to its balance sheets (they are limited to loans for use or lending under rental contract).

#### 1. Claims against bankrupt or de facto bankrupt borrowers

Claims against bankrupt or de facto bankrupt borrowers represent claims held against borrowers who have been declared insolvent or in a substantially similar condition, on the grounds of the commencement of bankruptcy or restructuring proceedings, filing for the proceedings of rehabilitation or other similar legal proceedings.

#### 2. Doubtful claims

Doubtful claims are those against borrowers who have not yet failed but their financial conditions and business performances have deteriorated, with a high possibility that the principal and interest on these claims are not received as per agreement.

#### 3. Claims in need of special attention

These claims include those for which payments of principal or interest are three months or more in arrears or for which terms and conditions have been relaxed.

#### 4. Normal claims

Claims held against borrowers who are not experiencing particular problems in respect of their financial positions or management performances, hence classified as claims other than the preceding three categories.

#### 2. Issues to be Addressed

As the Medium-term Business Plan that started in fiscal 2012 is reaching its midpoint in fiscal 2013, the Bank sees this fiscal year as the time for the full-scale implementation of its growth strategies in order to make further significant progress on them, and the time for adapting to various changes in the business environment to enable further enhancement of various strategies that were launched in the previous fiscal year.

The Bank will keep focused on the following priority tasks with the aim of achieving the goal of being "the world's most trusted financial group" through meeting the trust and expectation of its customers, both at home and abroad.

#### (Growth strategies)

The Bank, as the core bank of MUFG Group, will provide the highest quality services to date with precision and promptness by demonstrating the Group's integrated strength by capitalizing on its operational network both at home and abroad, which is the most extensive among the Japanese banks. Additionally further collaboration with other group companies will be expanded upon, in order to satisfy the increasingly diversified and sophisticated financial needs of customers in the face of turbulent changes in the business environment. Specifically, for individual customers, we will provide services that meet the diversified needs of customers in the areas including asset management and borrowing that fit their individual life stages, taking advantages of capabilities of MUFG group companies including trust banking and securities business. For corporate customers, we will provide various CIB (Corporate & Investment Banking) products including syndicated loans, along with transaction-oriented banking and market-related services through presentation of proposals for solutions to their issues, focusing on the development stage of each customer from promising startups to established large corporations.

#### (Strengthening of operation basis)

We will stay engaged in the effort to strengthen the basis of management.

The Bank will strive to achieve adequate control and management of its own funds including their effective utilization in order to meet the strengthening of global financial regulations not least capital adequacy regulations while reinforcing governance outside Japan to keep up the pace with the expansion of its overseas operations.

In terms of human resources as a source of competitive advantage, we will further focus on promoting professionalism and globalization. Meanwhile, enhancement of the internal controls, including compliance will be maintained in response to changes in the business environment and transformations in our business model.

(Pursuit of management based on CSR and strengthening of MUFG brand)

The Bank, as a member of MUFG Group, will be focused on corporate social responsibility (CSR) in its management, while endeavoring to enhance customer satisfaction (CS) by providing services unique to MUFG.

The Bank has established the two tasks of "Addressing Global Environmental Issues" and "Nurturing Society's Next Generation," as the priority areas of its CSR activities. Under the theme of "Addressing Global Environmental Issues," we will seek to utilize the financial functions of the Bank and provide products and services that contribute to reducing the burden on the environment. Under the theme of "Nurturing Society's Next Generation," as a member of the local community and society, we will focus our social contribution activities on employee participation in local activities.

Meanwhile, we will stay fully committed to providing assistance to those in needs in the areas affected by the Great East Japan Earthquake. The Bank established "MUFG NFUAJ East Japan Earthquake Recovery and Scholarship Fund" in cooperation with National Federation of UNESCO Associations in JAPAN as part of the medium-to-long-term support for restoration from the earthquake. This fund is operated through schools, providing primarily scholarship programs for elementary school, middle school and high school students whose parents have passed away as a result of the Great East Japan Earthquake, along with various related activities including the restoration of flowerbeds in schools.

Through the above measures, the Bank will be striving to maintain and enhance the MUFG brand that can be empathized and supported by the wider general public.

## 3. Risks Related to Business

Of the risks associated with business activities and other activities as stated in the annual securities report of the previous fiscal year, there are no emerging risks or significant changes in the existing risks deemed to be of importance to the investment decision by investors as perceived by the Bank.

#### 4. Important Agreements in Management

## (1) Commencement of a Voluntary Tender Offer for Krungsri Shares

For details see "Voluntary Tender Offer" under Section "Notes to Semi-annual Consolidated Financial Statements" of "Financial Information."

#### (2) Integration of the Bangkok Branch of the Bank with Krungsri

On September 18, 2013, the Bank, in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors meeting held on the same date, signed a Conditional Branch Purchase Agreement for the integration of the Bangkok Branch of the Bank (Bangkok Branch) and Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited (Krungsri) subsequent to a voluntary tender offer.

#### 1) Objectives of the Integration

The Bank, with regard to the acquisition of Krungsri shares, has been engaged in numerous discussions with Krungsri toward building a broad strategic partnership, as well as deliberations regarding the integration of the Bangkok Branch with Krungsri subsequent to the voluntary tender offer in compliance with the Bank of Thailand's One Presence Policy. As a result, both banks agreed to enter into a Conditional Branch Purchase Agreement on September 18, 2013.

After the integration is completed, Krungsri's retail and SME customer base in Thailand will be combined with MUFG and the Bank's expertise in financial products and services in the global corporate banking business to build a framework capable of delivering a one stop full suite of high-value financial services to a wide range of customers.

On August 27, 2013, the Bank obtained approval from the Bank of Thailand with regard to the acquisition of Krungsri shares in excess of the foreign shareholding limit.

#### 2) Summary of the Integration

#### (i) Integration Method

The Bank will integrate Bangkok Branch with Krungsri through the contribution in kind of the Bangkok Branch business to Krungsri. In exchange for the contribution in kind, Krungsri plans to issue 1,143,221,782 common shares at 39 baht per share to the Bank.

The Integration shall be subject to regulatory approvals, Krungsri's shareholders' approval, completion of the voluntary tender offer and fulfillment of certain other conditions. The number of shares to be issued and issue price are subject to change in accordance with the price adjustment clause and a maximum of 1,500,000,000 shares under the Conditional Branch Purchase Agreement.

#### (ii) Overview of the Bangkok Branch

Since its opening in 1962, the Bangkok Branch has been providing services primarily to corporate clients for more than 50 years, and has the largest asset size amongst the foreign banks operating in Thailand as of March 31, 2013.

(millions of baht)

			(IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
Fiscal year	Fiscal 2010	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2012
Gross profit	5,967	6,911	7,492
Operating income	4,570	5,036	5,553
Net income	3,095	3,168	4,093
Balance of loans and bills discounted	160,048	184,709	209,989
Balance of deposits (including deposit fund management products)	233,162	181,985	204,464
Total assets	449,267	500,217	583,443
Total liabilities (including inter-office loans from the Bank's headquarters)	416,366	464,041	544,673
Net equity equivalents	32,901	36,176	38,770

## (iii) Timeline

Execution of Conditional Branch Purchase	September 18, 2013
Agreement	
Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of	October 31, 2013
Krungsri	
Integration of Bangkok Branch and Krungsri (tentative)	Scheduled within one year from the date of acquisition of Krungsri shares (Subject to change in accordance with an agreement between the parties and regulatory approval)

#### 5. Analyses of Financial Position, Results of Operations and Cash Flows

The Bank's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the current consolidated semiannual period are as follows:

Consolidated gross operating income for the current semi-annual period was \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{1,250.2}\) billion, with a decrease of \(\frac{\pmathbf{7}}{5.6}\) billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, reflecting a worsening of net other operating income although net interest income and fees and commissions income improved.

Consolidated net business profit (before provision for general allowance for credit losses) was \$510.9 billion, with a decrease of \$151.4 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, due to an increase of \$75.7 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year in general and administrative expenses.

Meanwhile, semi-annual consolidated net income was \$339.5 billion, with an increase of \$111.9 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year, primarily reflecting a decrease in losses on write-down of equity securities and other securities and credit costs.

The main items for the current consolidated semi-annual period are shown in the table below.

(Billions of yen)

		Previous semi-annual period (A)		Change (B - A)
Interest income	(1)	907.7	940.8	33.0
Interest expenses (after deduction of expenses related to money held in trust)	(2)	189.9	183.9	(6.0)
Trust fees	(3)	4.5	7.1	2.5
Of which, credit costs for trust accounts	(4)	_	_	_
Fees and commissions income	(5)	312.6	353.2	40.6
Fees and commissions expenses	(6)	60.7	65.6	4.8
Trading income	(7)	69.3	58.3	(10.9)
Trading expenses	(8)	_	1.0	1.0
Other operating income	(9)	348.1	235.6	(112.5)
Other operating expenses	(10)	65.7	94.2	28.5
Consolidated gross operating income $(= (1) - (2) + (3) + (5) - (6) + (7) - (8) + (9) - (10))$	(11)	1,325.8	1,250.2	(75.6)
General and administrative expenses (after deduction of non-recurring expenses)	(12)	663.5	739.3	75.7
Consolidated net business profit (loss) (before provision for general allowance for credit losses = (11) + (4) - (12))		662.3	510.9	(151.4)
Other ordinary expenses (Provision for general allowance for credit losses)	(13)	(10.5)	_	10.5
Consolidated net business profit (loss) (= (11) - (12) - (13))		672.8	510.9	(161.9)
Other ordinary income	(14)	68.5	170.4	101.9
Of which, reversal of allowance for credit losses		_	58.8	58.8
Of which, gains on collection of bad debts		18.5	17.2	(1.3)
Of which, gains on sales of equity securities and other securities		11.4	47.1	35.7
Interest expenses (expenses related to money held in trust)	(15)	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
General and administrative expenses (non-recurring expenses)	(16)	25.6	14.6	(11.0)
Other ordinary expenses (after deduction of provision for general allowance for credit losses)	(17)	276.2	92.0	(184.1)
Of which, credit costs		67.0	46.0	(20.9)
Of which, losses on sales of equity securities and other securities		7.1	2.3	(4.7)
Of which, losses on write-down of equity securities and other securities		170.6	11.9	(158.7)
Net non-recurring gains (losses) (= (14) - (15) - (16) - (17))		(233.4)	63.6	297.0
Ordinary profit		439.4	574.5	135.1
Net extraordinary gains (losses)		(4.3)	(26.7)	(22.4)
Of which, impairment loss of long-lived assets		(2.0)	(1.7)	0.2

	Previous semi-annual period	Current semi-annual period	Change
	(A)	(B)	(B - A)
Income before income taxes and minority interests	435.0	547.8	112.7
Total income taxes	179.5	177.8	(1.6)
Net income before minority interests	255.5	369.9	114.3
Minority interests in net income	27.9	30.4	2.4
Net income	227.5	339.5	111.9

#### 1. Analysis of Results of Operations

## (1) Credit costs

Total credit costs for the current semi-annual period decreased by \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{\frac{4}}}}{8.9}\) billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to a net reversal of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{\frac{4}}}}{32.6}\) billion.

Write-offs of loans increased by \$4.0 billion and provision for specific allowance for credit losses decreased by \$27.9 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(Billions of yen)

T		T	(DIIIIO)	ns of yen)
		Previous semi-annual period (A)	Current semi-annual period (B)	Change (B - A)
Of the trust fees, credit costs for trust accounts	(1)	_	_	_
Of other ordinary income, reversal of allowance for credit losses	(2)	_	58.8	58.8
Of other ordinary income, reversal of reserve for contingent losses	(3)	1.6	2.6	0.9
Of other ordinary income, gains on collection of bad debts	(4)	18.5	17.2	(1.3)
Of other ordinary expenses, provision for general allowance for credit losses	(5)	(10.5)	_	10.5
Of other ordinary expenses, credit costs	(6)	67.0	46.0	(20.9)
Write-offs of loans		37.8	41.8	4.0
Provision for specific allowance for credit losses		27.9	_	(27.9)
Other credit costs		1.2	4.1	2.9
Total credit costs (= $(1)$ - $(2)$ - $(3)$ - $(4)$ + $(5)$ + $(6)$ )		36.3	(32.6)	(68.9)
Consolidated net business profit (loss) (before credit costs for trust accounts and provision for general allowance for credit losses)		662.3	510.9	(151.4)
Consolidated net business profit (loss) (after deduction of total credit costs)		626.0	543.5	(82.4)

#### (2) Net gains (losses) on equity securities and other securities

The Bank posted ¥32.8 billion gains on equity securities and other securities for the current semi-annual period with an increase of ¥199.2 billion from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Gains on sales of equity securities and other securities increased by \$35.7 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$47.1 billion while losses on sales of equity securities and other securities decreased by \$4.7 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$2.3 billion. Losses on write-down of equity securities and other securities decreased by \$158.7 billion compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year to \$11.9 billion.

(Billions of yen)

	Previous semi-annual period (A)	Current semi-annual period (B)	Change (B - A)
Net gains (losses) on equity securities and other securities	(166.4)	32.8	199.2
Of other ordinary income, gains on sales of equity securities and other securities	11.4	47.1	35.7
Of other ordinary expenses, losses on sales of equity securities and other securities	7.1	2.3	(4.7)
Of other ordinary expenses, losses on write-down of equity securities and other securities	170.6	11.9	(158.7)

#### 2. Analysis of Financial Position

#### (1) Loans

(For reference) Status of claims disclosed under the Financial Reconstruction Act

Claims disclosed under the Financial Reconstruction Act decreased by \$155.5 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year to \$1,472.1 billion. The percentage of disclosed claims to total claims fell by 0.23 percentage points from the end of the previous fiscal year to 1.73%.

Claims by borrowers' classification show claims against bankrupt or de facto bankrupt borrowers fell by ¥6.6 billion, doubtful claims fell by ¥108.5 billion, and claims in need of special attention fell by ¥40.3 billion.

With regard to the coverage situation at the end of the current semi-annual period for these disclosed claims totaling \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{1,472.1}\) billion, allowance for credit losses covered \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{3}}}{3.1}\) billion claims and the covered amount by collaterals, guarantees and others was \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{783.7}\) billion, representing a percentage of covered claims to total disclosed claims (coverage ratio) of 77.90%.

The Bank has been addressing non-performing loans and other claims as a management issue of importance. It continues making efforts to reduce these assets through disposals by write-offs and sales or the implementation of turnaround programs for recoverable borrowers.

Claims disclosed under the Financial Reconstruction Act (non-consolidated)

(Billions of yen)

Category	Loan amount (A)	Allowance for credit losses (B)	Covered by collateral and/or guarantees (C)	Allowance ratio for unsecured portion (B) / [(A) - (C)]	Coverage ratio $[(B) + (C)] / (A)$
Claims against bankrupt or de facto bankrupt borrowers	124.7 (131.4)	2.7 (3.0)	121.9 (128.3)	100.00% (100.00%)	100.00% (100.00%)
Doubtful claims	854.5 (963.1)	241.2 (268.2)	399.6 (434.7)	53.01% (50.77%)	74.98% (72.99%)
Claims in need of special attention	492.7 (533.1)	119.1 (131.9)	262.1 (303.1)	51.65% (57.36%)	77.36% (81.60%)
Subtotal	1,472.1 (1,627.6)	363.1 (403.3)	783.7 (866.1)	52.74% (52.96%)	77.90% (77.99%)
Normal claims	83,336.4 (80,996.2)	-	-	-	-
Total	84,808.5 (82,623.9)	_	_	_	_
Percentage of disclosed claims to total claims	1.73% (1.96%)	-	_	_	_

(Note) The upper figures are as of September 30, 2013. The lower figures with parentheses are as of March 31, 2013.

#### (2) Securities

Securities at the end of the current semi-annual period decreased by \$1,046.5 billion to \$62,288.1 billion compared to the end of the previous fiscal year. Government bonds and corporate bonds reduced by \$6,652.6 billion and \$178.7 billion, respectively, while equity securities and other securities rose by \$395.7 billion and \$5,398.0 billion, respectively.

(Billions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2013 (A)	As of September 30, 2013 (B)	Change (B) - (A)
Securities	63,334.7	62,288.1	(1,046.5)
Government bonds	41,758.0	35,105.4	(6,652.6)
Municipal bonds	212.0	203.0	(8.9)
Corporate bonds	2,366.2	2,187.5	(178.7)
Equity securities	3,558.6	3,954.4	395.7
Other securities	15,439.6	20,837.7	5,398.0

(Note) "Other securities" include foreign bonds and equity securities.

#### 3. Cash Flows

With regard to cash flows, operating activities used net cash of \$394.0 billion with a \$1,521.4 billion decrease in expenses from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Investing activities generated net cash of \$560.9 billion, as a result of \$1,874.2 billion decrease in cash inflows compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. Financing activities used net cash of \$534.7 billion, with a \$290.4 billion decrease in expenses from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the current semi-annual period were \(\pm\)3,469.1 billion, with an increase of \(\pm\)747.4 billion from the end of the same period of the previous fiscal year.

#### 4. Results of Operations by Business Unit

Results of operations for the current consolidated semi-annual period posted by business units which are segmented based on the internal management classification.

[Principal business conducted by each business unit]

Retail Banking Business Unit : Providing financial services to individual customers in Japan Corporate Banking Business Unit : Providing financial services to corporate customers in Japan

Global Business Unit : Providing financial services to overseas individual and corporate customers Of which, UNBC : UnionBanCal Corporation (a bank holding company that controls U.S.

Union Bank, N.A. as its subsidiary)

Global Markets Unit : Foreign exchange, funds and securities transactions for customers and

markets, liquidity and cash management

Other units : Settlement and custody services, investments, internal coordination, etc.

(Billions of yen)

		Retail Banking Business Unit	Corporate Banking Business Unit	Global Business Unit	UNBC	Global Markets Unit	Other units	Total
	oss operating ome	297.0	343.0	434.3	175.1	180.8	(6.2)	1,248.9
No	on-consolidated	256.3	333.4	209.9	_	176.0	(14.0)	961.7
	Net interest income	192.0	167.2	109.8	_	56.4	33.1	558.7
	Net non-interest income	64.2	166.2	100.0	_	119.6	(47.2)	403.0
Sı	ıbsidiaries	40.6	9.5	224.3	175.1	4.8	7.7	287.1
Exp	penses	226.6	161.8	266.7	124.5	30.0	61.7	747.1
Net	t operating income	70.3	181.1	167.5	50.6	150.7	(68.0)	501.8

(Notes) 1. Net operating income is the consolidated net business profit (loss) before consolidation adjustments (eliminating dividends from subsidiaries only).

Above profits and losses are computed for the purpose of internal management and differ from those for financial accounting.

Other units' gross operating income excludes dividends from subsidiaries and income from the loans to Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.

#### (1) Retail Banking Business Unit

Income from customer deposits in yen continued to decrease due to declining market rates, while income from the sales of fund management products was strong, and income from consumer finance business also remained steady.

#### (2) Corporate Banking Business Unit

Income from customer deposits in yen continued to decrease due to declining market rates, while income from investment banking business including the solutions business remained competitive.

#### (3) Global Business Unit

The unit witnessed continued growth in gross operating income mainly because income from lending operations and income from Corporate Investment Banking increased in each area of Asia, Americas and Europe.

#### (4) Global Markets Unit

The unit's income fell short of the previous year mainly because of a decrease in net gains related to bonds, while timely position management was conducted in response to changes in the external environment.

## III. Company Information

#### 1. Information on the Company's shares

- (1) Total number of shares, etc.
  - 1) Total number of shares

Class	Total number of shares authorized to be issued
Common stock	33,000,000,000
Class 2 preferred stock	100,000,000
Class 4 preferred stock	79,700,000
Class 6 preferred stock	1,000,000
Class 7 preferred stock	177,000,000
1st series of Class 8 preferred stock	400,000,000 (Note 1)
2nd series of Class 8 preferred stock	400,000,000 (Note 1)
3rd series of Class 8 preferred stock	400,000,000 (Note 1)
4th series of Class 8 preferred stock	400,000,000 (Note 1)
1st series of Class 9 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 2)
2nd series of Class 9 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 2)
3rd series of Class 9 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 2)
4th series of Class 9 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 2)
1st series of Class 10 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 3)
2nd series of Class 10 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 3)
3rd series of Class 10 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 3)
4th series of Class 10 preferred stock	200,000,000 (Note 3)
Total	34,157,700,000

- (Notes) 1. Total number of shares authorized to be issued in a class of the 1st to 4th series of Class 8 preferred stock shall not exceed 400,000,000.
  - 2. Total number of shares authorized to be issued in a class of the 1st to 4th series of Class 9 preferred stock shall not exceed 200,000,000.
  - 3. Total number of shares authorized to be issued in a class of the 1st to 4th series of Class 10 preferred stock shall not exceed 200,000,000.

## 2) Total number of shares issued

Class	Number of shares issued as of the end of the current semi-annual period (September 30, 2013)	Number of shares issued as of the date of submission (November 29, 2013)	Financial instruments exchange on which the stock is listed or other market	Description
Common stock	12,350,038,122	Same as left	_	(Notes) 1, 2, 3
1st series of Class 2 preferred stock	100,000,000	Same as left	_	(Notes) 1, 2
1st series of Class 4 preferred stock	79,700,000	Same as left	_	(Notes) 1, 2
1st series of Class 6 preferred stock	1,000,000	Same as left	_	(Notes) 1, 2
1st series of Class 7 preferred stock	177,000,000	Same as left	_	(Notes) 1, 2
Total	12,707,738,122	Same as left	_	_

- (Notes) 1. Number of shares constituting one unit is 1,000 for both common stock and preferred stock, and there are no provisions in the Articles of Incorporation in respect of Article 322, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act.
  - 2. Different provisions in respect of matters including voting rights apply to common stock and preferred stock, to allow our financial policy to operate in a flexible manner.
  - 3. Standard stock involving no restriction on shareholders' rights.

## (2) Status of the total number of shares issued and the amount of capital stock and other

Date	Change in total number of shares issued (Thousands of shares)	shares issued	Change in capital stock	Balance of capital stock (Millions of yen)	Change in capital reserve (Millions of yen)	Balance of capital reserve (Millions of yen)
From April 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013	l	12,707,738		1,711,958	ı	1,711,958

## (3) Status of major shareholders By number of shares held

As of September 30, 2013

Company name	Address	Number of shares held (Thousands	Ratio of number of shares held against total number of shares issued (%)
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	2-7-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	of shares) 12,506,038	98.41
(Treasury stock) The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	2-7-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	201,700	1.58
Total	_	12,707,738	100.00

## By number of voting rights held

As of September 30, 2013

Company name	Address	Number of voting rights held	Ratio of number of voting rights held against total number of shareholders' voting rights (%)
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	2-7-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	12,350,038	100.00
Total	_	12,350,038	100.00

## (4) Status of voting rights

## 1) Issued shares

As of September 30, 2013

Class	Number of	shares	Number of voting rights	Description
	1st series of Class 2 preferred stock	100,000,000	_	As stated in
Shares with no voting rights	1st series of Class 4 preferred stock	79,700,000	_	"1. Information on the Company's
Shares with no voting rights	1st series of Class 6 preferred stock	1,000,000	-	Shares, (1) Total number of shares,
	1st series of Class 7 preferred stock	177,000,000	-	etc."
Shares with restricted voting rights (treasury stock, etc.)	_		_	_
Shares with restricted voting right (others)	_		_	_
Shares with full voting rights (treasury stock, etc.)	_		_	_
Shares with full voting rights (others)	Common stock	12,350,038,000	12,350,038	Standard stock involving no restriction on shareholders' rights
Shares of less than one unit	Common stock	122	_	_
Total number of shares issued		12,707,738,122		_
Total number of shareholders' voting rights	_		12,350,038	_

## 2) Treasury stock, etc.

As of September 30, 2013

Company name	Address	Number of shares held in its own name	otner than its	Total number of shares held	Ratio of number of shares held against total number of shares issued (%)
_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_

(Note) Of the shares with no voting rights above, 100,000,000 shares of 1st series of Class 2 preferred stock, 79,700,000 shares of 1st series of Class 4 preferred stock, 1,000,000 shares of 1st series of Class 6 preferred stock, and 21,000,000 shares of 1st series of Class 7 preferred stock are treasury stock.

## 2. Changes in Share Prices

Not applicable as the Bank's stock is not listed.

## 3. Directors and Corporate Auditors

There are no changes in Directors and Corporate Auditors by the date of submission of this semi-annual securities report after the date of submission of the annual securities report for the previous fiscal year.



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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.:

We have reviewed the accompanying semi-annual consolidated balance sheet of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2013, and the related semi-annual consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, all expressed in Japanese yen, and the related notes.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these semi-annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles for semi-annual consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of semi-annual consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these semi-annual consolidated financial statements based on our reviews. We conducted our reviews in accordance with review standards for semi-annual financial statements generally accepted in Japan. A review of semi-annual financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion. We believe that we have obtained the evidence to provide a basis for our review conclusion.

## **Accountant's Conclusion**

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying semi-annual consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2013, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, in accordance with accounting principles for semi-annual consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan.

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, the consolidated balance sheet of the Bank and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2013, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated June 26, 2013, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2013 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Our reviews also comprehended the translation of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, based upon our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that such translation has not been made in accordance with the basis stated in Note 1 to the semi-annual consolidated financial statements. Such U.S. dollar amounts are presented solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan.

Dolostle Joseph Johnalsen LLC November 25, 2013

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

# Semi-annual Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Semi-annual Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) As of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013

		Millions September 30 2013	_	Millions of U.S. Dollars (Note 1) September 30 2013		
ASSETS:						
Cash and due from banks (Notes 3, 4, 12 and 20)	¥	16,306,710	¥	9,420,885	\$	166,821
Call loans and bills bought (Note 20)		418,574		416,849		4,282
Receivables under resale agreements (Note 20)		960,445		1,121,637		9,826
Receivables under securities borrowing transactions (Note 20)		538,838		724,782		5,512
Monetary claims bought (Notes 4, 12 and 20)		3,487,660		3,330,246		35,679
Trading assets (Notes 12 and 20)		5,180,590		6,109,570		52,998
Money held in trust (Notes 5 and 20)		439,685		343,074		4,498
Securities (Notes 4, 6, 11, 12 and 20)		62,288,153		63,334,714		637,219
Loans and bills discounted (Notes 7, 12, 13 and 20)		84,779,974		80,947,236		867,314
Foreign exchange assets (Note 20)		1,501,449		1,413,258		15,360
Tangible fixed assets (Note 8)		1,188,339		1,146,190		12,157
Intangible fixed assets		710,132		661,701		7,265
Deferred tax assets		35,986		13,171		368
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees (Note 11)		7,451,266		7,383,402		76,228
Other assets (Note 12)		7,689,778		6,179,368		78,668
Allowance for credit losses		(829,934)	_	(920,534)	_	(8,490)
Total assets	¥	192,147,651	¥	181,625,557	\$	1,965,705

See the accompanying notes to semi-annual consolidated financial statements.

# Semi-annual Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) As of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013

		NCII:	C	v.		Millions of U.S. Dollars
	_	Millions	10			(Note 1)
		September 30		March 31		September 30
		2013		2013		2013
LIABILITIES:						
Deposits (Notes 12 and 20)	¥	123,878,932	¥	120,153,990	\$	1,267,304
Negotiable certificates of deposit (Note 20)		10,496,004		9,731,585		107,376
Call money and bills sold (Notes 12 and 20)		2,521,660		3,078,930		25,797
Payables under repurchase agreements (Note 20)		12,037,354		7,326,949		123,144
Payables under securities lending transactions (Note 20)		622,554		1,139,726		6,369
Commercial paper (Note 20)		1,159,331		838,990		11,860
Trading liabilities (Notes 12 and 20)		3,436,936		4,273,508		35,160
Borrowed money (Notes 10, 12 and 20)		7,929,727		6,627,666		81,123
Foreign exchange liabilities (Note 20)		1,042,378		908,428		10,664
Short-term bonds payable (Note 20)		_		109,946		_
Bonds payable (Notes 10 and 20)		4,577,079		4,689,978		46,824
Reserve for bonuses		22,498		23,180		230
Reserve for bonuses to directors		97		141		1
Reserve for retirement benefits		34,576		63,398		354
Reserve for retirement benefits to directors		376		434		4
Reserve for loyalty award credits		1,476		1,161		15
Reserve for contingent losses		43,052		50,575		440
Reserve under special laws		1,269		948		13
Acceptances and guarantees (Notes 11 and 12)		7,451,266		7,383,402		76,228
Deferred tax liabilities		28,618		17,985		293
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation (Note 9)		150,589		152,262		1,541
Other liabilities (Note 12)		5,587,329	_	4,393,522	_	57,159
Total liabilities	¥	181,023,110	¥	170,966,715	\$	1,851,899
EQUITY (Notes 14, 15 and 19):						
Common stock,						
Authorized, 33,000,000 thousand shares;						
Issued, 12,350,038 thousand shares as of September 30 and						
March 31, 2013, with no stated value	¥	1,586,958	¥	1,586,958	\$	16,235
Preferred stock,						
Authorized, 1,157,700 thousand shares as of September 30, 2013 and 357,700 thousand shares as of March 31, 2013;						
Issued, 357,700 thousand shares as of September 30 and		127.000		125.000		
March 31, 2013, with no stated value		125,000		125,000		1,279
Capital surplus		3,878,275		3,878,275		39,675
Retained earnings Treasury stock—at cost 201,700 thousand shares as of September 30		3,416,177		3,150,671		34,948
and March 31, 2013		(255,700)		(255,700)		(2,616)
Total shareholders' equity	-	8,750,710	_	8,485,205	_	89,521
Accumulated other comprehensive income:		6,730,710	_	0,403,203	_	67,321
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities (Note 6)		816,126		825,440		8,349
Deferred gain on derivatives under hedge accounting		60,192		101,029		616
Land revaluation surplus (Note 9)		225,983		229,004		2,312
Foreign currency translation adjustments		37,970		(167,028)		388
Pension liability adjustments under US GAAP recognized at foreig	n	,-,-		(,)		
subsidiaries		(65,548)		(59,902)		(670)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		1,074,724		928,542		10,995
Minority interests		1,299,105	_	1,245,093	_	13,290
Total equity		11,124,540	_	10,658,841	_	113,806
Total liabilities and equity	¥	192,147,651	¥	181,625,557	\$	1,965,705

## Semi-annual Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) For the Six-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

		Millions	s of Ye	en	-	Millions of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
		Six-Month Po				Six-Month Period Ended September 30
		2013	2012		2013	
INCOME:						
Interest income:	¥	940,812	¥	907,747	\$	9,625
Interest on loans and bills discounted		640,323		600,973		6,551
Interest and dividends on securities		220,757		235,876		2,258
Trust fees		7,157		4,557		73
Fees and commissions		353,257		312,638		3,614
Trading income		58,374		69,303		597
Other operating income		235,613		348,121		2,411
Other income (Note 16)		175,879		70,544	_	1,799
Total income		1,771,095		1,712,913	_	18,119
EXPENSES:						
Interest expenses:		183,984		189,995		1,882
Interest on deposits		78,147		73,672		799
Fees and commissions		65,648		60,749		672
Trading expenses		1,081		-		11
Other operating expenses		94,293		65,779		965
General and administrative expenses						7,713
Other expenses (Note 17)		753,982 124,295		689,209 272,099	_	1,272
Total expenses		1,223,287		1,277,833	_	12,515
Income before income taxes and minority interests		547,807		435,080	_	5,604
Income taxes:						
Current		133,065		25,678		1,361
Deferred		44,811		153,841	_	459
Total income taxes		177,876		179,519	_	1,820
Net income before minority interests		369,931		255,560	_	3,784
Minority interests in net income		30,405		27,990	_	311
Net income	¥	339,525	¥	227,569	\$	3,473
	-			,>	_	· · · · · ·
Per share of common stock (Note 19):		Ye	en		_	U.S. Dollars
Basic net income per common share	v	26.76	v	17.00	ø	0.27
Diluted net income per common share	¥	26.76 26.76	¥	17.69 17.69	\$	0.27 0.27
Cash dividends applicable to the reporting period per common share		7.35		5.60		0.08

See the accompanying notes to semi-annual consolidated financial statements.

# Semi-annual Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) For the Six-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	_	Millions Six-Month Pe	_	Millions of U.S. Dollars (Note 1) Six-Month Period Ended September 30			
		2013	2012			2013	
Net income before minority interests Other comprehensive income:	¥	369,931	¥	255,560	\$	3,784	
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities		(7,602)		(92,681)		(78)	
Deferred (loss) gain on derivatives under hedge accounting		(41,299)		27,115		(422)	
Land revaluation surplus		(111)		(62)		(1)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments		202,233		16,248		2,069	
Pension liability adjustments under US GAAP recognized at foreig subsidiaries	n	(5,645)		1,647		(58)	
Share of other comprehensive income in associates accounted for		2,592		70		27	
using the equity method  Total other comprehensive income	-	150,167			_	1,537	
Comprehensive income	¥		¥	(47,662)	•		
	#	520,098	<u>*</u>	207,897	\$	5,321	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:							
Owners of the parent	¥	488,571	¥	179,954	\$	4,998	
Minority interests		31,527		27,943		323	

See the accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Semi-annual Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited) For the Six-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

		Millions Six-Month Pe	eriods l	Ended	P	Millions of U.S. Dollars (Note 1) Six-Month Period Ended eptember 30
		2013		2012		2013
Capital stock (Note 15):						
Beginning of period	¥	1,711,958	¥	1,711,958	<u>\$</u>	17,514
End of period	¥	1,711,958	¥	1,711,958	\$	17,514
Capital surplus:						
Beginning of period	¥	3,878,275	¥	3,878,275	\$	39,675
End of period	¥	3,878,275	¥	3,878,275	\$	39,675
Retained earnings:						
Beginning of period	¥	3,150,671	¥	2,635,211	\$	32,232
Cash dividends		(78,006)		(80,088)		(798)
Net income Reversal of land revaluation surplus		339,525 2,909		227,569 1,645		3,473 30
Change in scope of application of the equity method		1,077				11
End of period	¥	3,416,177	¥	2,784,337	\$	34,948
Treasury stock:						
Beginning of period	¥	(255,700)	¥	(250,000)	\$	(2,616)
End of period	¥	(255,700)	¥	(250,000)	\$	(2,616)
Total shareholders' equity:						
Beginning of period	¥	8,485,205	¥	7,975,445	\$	86,805
Cash dividends		(78,006)		(80,088)	•	(798)
Net income Reversal of land revaluation surplus		339,525		227,569		3,473 30
Change in scope of application of the equity method		2,909 1,077		1,645		30 11
End of period	¥	8,750,710	¥	8,124,571	\$	89,521
A 1414 1 2 2						
Accumulated other comprehensive income: Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities:						
Beginning of period	¥	825,440	¥	227,725	\$	8,444
Net change during the period		(9,313)		(92,211)	Φ.	(95)
End of period	¥	816,126	¥	135,514	\$	8,349
Deferred gain on derivatives under hedge accounting:						
Beginning of period	¥	101,029	¥	60,071	\$	1,034
Net change during the period End of period	¥	(40,837) 60,192	¥	26,156 86,227	\$	(418) 616
End of period	+	00,192	+	80,227	φ	010
Land revaluation surplus:		***				
Beginning of period Net change during the period	¥	229,004 (3,020)	¥	232,900 (1,708)	\$	2,343 (31)
End of period	¥	225,983	¥	231,191	\$	2,312
•						
Foreign currency translation adjustments:  Beginning of period	¥	(167,028)	¥	(373,450)	\$	(1,709)
Net change during the period	+	204,998	+	16,855	φ	2,097
End of period	¥	37,970	¥	(356,595)	\$	388
Pension liability adjustments under US GAAP recognized at foreign subsidiaries:						
Beginning of period	¥	(59,902)	¥	(52,831)	\$	(613)
Net change during the period		(5,645)		1,647		(57)
End of period	¥	(65,548)	¥	(51,183)	\$	(670)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income:						
Beginning of period	¥	928,542	¥	94,414	\$	9,499
Net change during the period	v	146,181	v	(49,259)	•	1,496
End of period	¥	1,074,724	¥	45,154	\$	10,995
Minority interests:						
Beginning of period	¥	1,245,093	¥	1,192,309	\$	12,738
Net change during the period End of period	¥	54,011 1,299,105	¥	1,188,734	\$	552 13,290
	-	-,=>,100	<u>-</u>	-,100,731	*	10,20
Total equity:	v	10.650.045	<b>V</b>	0.262.165	•	100 042
Beginning of period Cash dividends	¥	10,658,841 (78,006)	¥	9,262,169 (80,088)	\$	109,042 (798)
Net income		339,525		227,569		3,473
Reversal of land revaluation surplus		2,909		1,645		30
Change in scope of application of the equity method  Net change during the period		1,077 200,193		(52,834)		11 2,048
End of period	¥	11,124,540	¥	9,358,460	\$	113,806

See the accompanying notes to semi-annual consolidated financial statements.

# Semi-annual Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) For the Six-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	_	Millions Six-Month Pe Septeml	Ended	_	Millions of U.S. Dollars (Note 1) Six-Month Period Ended September 30	
		2013		2012		2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Income before income taxes and minority interests Adjustments for:	¥	547,807	¥	435,080	\$	5,604
Income taxes—paid, net of refund		(41,014)		(149,993)		(420)
Depreciation and amortization		88,469		81,703		905
Impairment loss on long-lived assets		1,791		2,020		18
Amortization of goodwill		8,768		7,132		90
Equity in earnings of the equity method investees		(5,182)		(6,028)		(53)
Decrease in allowance for credit losses		(100,123)		(19,984)		(1,024)
(Decrease) increase in reserve for bonuses		(779)		1,282		(8)
Decrease in reserve for bonuses to directors		(43)		(98)		(0)
Decrease in reserve for retirement benefits		(35,012)		(10,594)		(358)
Decrease in reserve for retirement benefits to directors		(42)		(64)		(0)
Increase in reserve for loyalty award credits		314		221		3
Decrease in reserve for contingent losses		(8,393)		(9,254)		(86)
Interest income (accrual basis)		(940,812)		(907,747)		(9,625)
Interest expenses (accrual basis)		183,984		189,995		1,882
Gains on securities		(110,130)		(88,115)		(1,127)
Losses on money held in trust		4,213		929		43
Foreign exchange (gains) losses		(552,857)		555,381		(5,656)
(Gains) losses on disposition of fixed assets		(2,030)		2,399		(21)
Decrease (increase) in trading assets		966,243		(248,142)		9,885
Decrease in trading liabilities		(857,869)		(65,065)		(8,776)
Adjustment of unsettled trading accounts		(27,856)		(41,895)		(285)
Net (increase) decrease in loans and bills discounted		(2,484,118)		211,742		(25,413)
Net increase in deposits		2,519,316		76,823		25,773
Net increase in negotiable certificates of deposit		730,683		290,208		7,475
Net increase (decrease) in borrowed money (excluding						
subordinated borrowings)		1,253,403		(1,282,011)		12,823
Net increase in due from banks (excluding cash equivalents)		(7,079,940)		(1,166,981)		(72,429)
Net decrease in call loans, and bills bought and receivables under						
resale agreements		86,285		57,990		883
Net decrease (increase) in receivables under securities borrowing						
transactions		185,944		(1,054,683)		1,902
Net increase in call money, and bills sold and payables under						
repurchase agreements		4,143,020		578,712		42,384
Net increase in commercial paper		305,451		147,792		3,125
Net decrease in payables under securities lending transactions		(517,171)		(276,463)		(5,291)
Net (increase) decrease in foreign exchange assets		(82,796)		199,528		(847)
Net increase (decrease) in foreign exchange liabilities		123,163		(129,278)		1,260
Net increase in short-term bonds payable		_		10,989		_
Increase (decrease) in straight bonds issuance and redemption		263,175		(102,227)		2,692
Interest and dividends received (cash basis)		967,214		970,546		9,895
Interest paid (cash basis)		(188,989)		(202,172)		(1,933)
Other—net		261,831		24,782		2,678
Total adjustments		(941,890)		(2,350,620)	_	(9,636)
Net cash used in operating activities	¥	(394,082)	¥	(1,915,540)	\$	
1 0		\ - 2=/	-	· / - 1- */	-	( ) /

## Semi-annual Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) For the Six-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

						Millions of
						U.S. Dollars
		Millions	of Y	en	_	(Note 1)
						Six-Month
		Six-Month Per	riods	Ended		Period Ended
		Septemb	er 3	0		September 30
		2013		2012		2013
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchases of securities	¥	(61,130,092)	¥	(89,726,321)	\$	(625,372)
Proceeds from sales of securities		45,777,180		81,369,775		468,309
Proceeds from redemption of securities		16,505,516		10,832,979		168,854
Increase in money held in trust		(838,483)		(199,009)		(8,578)
Decrease in money held in trust		725,000		243,004		7,417
Purchases of tangible fixed assets		(59,872)		(45,380)		(613)
Purchases of intangible fixed assets		(74,039)		(52,712)		(757)
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets		16,814		14,775		172
Proceeds from sales of intangible fixed assets		223		13		2
Payments for business acquisitions		(363,384)		(1,084)		(3,717)
Purchases of equity of subsidiaries		_		(410)		_
Proceeds from sales of subsidiaries' equity affecting the scope of				( ')		
consolidation		2,399		_		25
Other—net		(350)		(501)		(4)
Net cash provided by investing activities		560,911		2,435,131	_	5,738
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Increase in subordinated borrowings				2,000		
Decrease in subordinated borrowings		(6,500)		2,000		(66)
Proceeds from issuance of subordinated bonds and bonds with		(6,300)		(21,000)		(66)
subscription rights to shares Payments for redemption of subordinated bonds and bonds with		-		190,000		_
subscription rights to shares		(421,887)		(884,991)		(4,316)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to minority shareholders		1,721		1,000		18
Repayments to minority shareholders		(710)		(512)		(7)
Cash dividends paid		(78,006)		(80,088)		(798)
Cash dividends paid to minority shareholders		(29,401)	_	(31,660)	_	(301)
Net cash used in financing activities		(534,784)		(825,252)		(5,470)
					_	<u> </u>
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		144,422	_	3,000		1,477
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(223,532)		(302,661)		(2,287)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		3,692,657		3,024,292	_	37,777
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period (Note 3)	¥	3,469,125	¥	2,721,630	\$	35,490

See the accompanying notes to semi-annual consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTING SEMI-ANNUAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying semi-annual consolidated financial statements of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. (the "Bank"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., have been prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Japanese Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and its related accounting regulations concerning preparation of semi-annual consolidated financial statements, Ordinance for Enforcement of the Banking Law, and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

In preparing these semi-annual consolidated financial statements, certain reclassifications and rearrangements have been made to the semi-annual consolidated financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a form which is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, certain reclassifications and rearrangements have been made in the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2013 and the semi-annual consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended September 30, 2012 (except for balance sheet related items) to conform to the classifications used in the semi-annual consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2013 and for the six-month period then ended.

These semi-annual consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Bank's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Bank's Annual report for the year ended March 31, 2013.

In accordance with the Japanese Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and the other relevant regulations, all Japanese yen figures in the semi-annual consolidated financial statements have been rounded down to the nearest million yen, except for per share information. Accordingly, the total of each account may not be equal to the combined total of individual items.

The semi-annual consolidated financial statements are stated in Japanese yen, the currency of the country in which the Bank is incorporated and mainly operates. The translations of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan and have been made at the rate of ¥97.75 to U.S. \$1, the approximate rate of exchange as of September 30, 2013. Such translations should not be construed as representations that the Japanese yen amounts can be converted into U.S. dollars at that or any other rate.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (1) Consolidation

The semi-annual consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Bank and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group"). There were 146 subsidiaries as of September 30, 2013.

Under the control or influence concept, the companies over which the Bank, directly or indirectly, is able to exercise control are fully consolidated, and those companies over which the Group has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for using the equity method.

Investments in 59 affiliates were accounted for using the equity method as of September 30, 2013. Investments in the remaining affiliates are stated at cost. If the equity method of accounting had been applied to the investments in these companies, the effect on the accompanying semi-annual consolidated financial statements would not be material.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. All material unrealized profits and losses resulting from intercompany transactions were eliminated.

## 1) Scope of consolidation

A) Major subsidiaries as of September 30, 2013 were as follows:

kabu.com Securities Co., Ltd.

UnionBanCal Corporation

Changes in the subsidiaries for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013 were as follows: Three companies including MUFG Americas Capital Company were newly consolidated from the semi-annual period ended September 30, 2013 due to incorporation. In addition, NBL Co., Ltd. was excluded from the scope of consolidation from the semi-annual period ended September 30, 2013 due to a decrease in the ownership ratio of voting rights resulting from sales of shares.

- B) There were no unconsolidated subsidiaries as of September 30, 2013.
- C) There were no companies which were not regarded as subsidiaries, although the majority of voting rights was owned by the Bank as of September 30, 2013.
- D) There were no special purpose entities which were excluded from the scope of consolidation pursuant to Article 8, Paragraph 7 of the "Financial Statements Regulations for Terminology, Forms and Preparation of Financial Statements," which does not regard a special purpose entity as a subsidiary of an investor irrespective of indicators of control if the entity was established and operated for the purpose of asset securitization and satisfied certain eligible criteria as of September 30, 2013.
- 2) Application of the equity method

A) Major affiliates accounted for using the equity method as of September 30, 2013 were as follows:

The Chukyo Bank, Ltd.

Jibun Bank Corporation

Changes in the affiliates accounted for using the equity method for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013 were as follows:

Three companies including Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade were accounted for using the equity method from the semi-annual period ended September 30, 2013 due to new investments, etc.

In addition, PT. Bank Nusantara Parahyangan, Tbk. was excluded from affiliates accounted for using the equity method from the semi-annual period ended September 30, 2013 due to a decrease in the ownership ratio of voting rights.

- B) There were no unconsolidated subsidiaries which were accounted for using the equity method as of September 30, 2013.
- C) There were no unconsolidated subsidiaries which were not accounted for using the equity method as of September 30, 2013.
- D) There were no affiliates which were not accounted for using the equity methods as of September 30, 2013.
- E) The following five companies as of September 30, 2013 of which the Group owned the voting rights between 20% and 50% were not recognized as affiliates accounted for using the equity method, since the Bank's subsidiaries held such ownerships as venture capital for the purpose of incubating their investees or earning capital gains through business revitalization, not for the purpose of controlling those entities:

Kyoto Constella Technologies Co., Ltd.

Pharma Frontier Co., Ltd.

TECHTOM Ltd.

ERIMAKEE Co., Ltd.

Bio-VisiQ JAPAN, Inc.

- 3) The first six-month period ending dates of subsidiaries
  - A) The first six-month period ending dates of subsidiaries were as follows:

	Number of subsidiaries
April 30	1
June 30	102
July 24	8
July 31	1
September 30	34

B) The subsidiary with the first six-month period ending April 30 is consolidated based on the financial information for the six-month period ended July 31.

Other subsidiaries are consolidated based on the financial information as of their first six-month period ending dates.

Adjustments were made in the semi-annual consolidated financial statements to reflect significant transactions occurring in the period between the six-month period ending dates of subsidiaries and September 30, 2013.

# (2) Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for the Semi-annual Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial statements of foreign subsidiaries prepared in accordance with either IFRSs or generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP") are used in the consolidation. However, when the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in each domicile country which are different from IFRSs or US GAAP, they are adjusted to conform to US GAAP. In addition, necessary adjustments for consolidation are made, if any.

#### (3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the semi-annual consolidated statements of cash flows, "Cash and cash equivalents" represent "Cash and due from banks" excluding time deposits and negotiable certificates of deposit included in "Due from banks."

#### (4) Trading Assets or Liabilities, Securities and Money Held in Trust

Securities other than investments in affiliates are classified into three categories, based principally on the Group's intent, as follows:

- Trading assets or liabilities, which are held for the purpose of earning capital gains arising from short-term fluctuations in interest rates, currency exchange rates or market prices and other market indices in the financial instruments or from variation among markets, are reported as "Trading assets" or "Trading liabilities" in the semi-annual consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The related unrealized or realized gains and losses are included in "Trading income (expenses)" in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.
- 2) Held-to-maturity debt securities, which are expected to be held to maturity with the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity, are reported at amortized cost (using the straight-line method) based on the moving-average method.
- 3) Available-for-sale securities, which are not classified as either of the aforementioned securities, are reported principally at fair value, with unrealized gain (loss), net of applicable taxes, reported in a separate component of equity. However, the change in fair value of particular Available-for-sale securities such that the Bank accounts for them as host contracts with embedded derivatives and measures the entire contracts at fair value is charged to income.

The cost of available-for-sale securities sold is determined based on the moving-average method.

Available-for-sale securities without readily determinable fair value are reported at acquisition cost on the moving-average method.

For declines in fair value that are not recoverable, securities are reduced to net realizable value by a charge to income.

Securities included in "Money held in trust" are also classified into the three categories outlined above.

The components of trust assets in "Money held in trust" are accounted for based on the standard appropriate for each asset type. Instruments held in trust for trading purposes are recorded at fair value and unrealized gain (loss) is recorded in "Other income (expenses)." Securities as components of trust assets in "Money held in trust" which are held for purposes other than trading or held-to-maturity are recorded at fair value with the unrealized gain (loss) recorded in a separate component of equity. Instruments held in trust classified as held-to-maturity are carried at amortized cost.

#### (5) Tangible Fixed Assets

"Tangible fixed assets" are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of "Tangible fixed assets" of the Bank, except for "Lease assets," is recorded based on the semi-annual period allocation of the estimated depreciation amount for the full year computed using the declining-balance method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The range of useful lives is principally from 15 to 50 years for "Buildings" and from 2 to 20 years for equipment included in "Other tangible fixed assets."

Depreciation of "Tangible fixed assets" of the subsidiaries is mainly computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

Amortization of "Lease assets" included in "Tangible fixed assets" is mainly computed using the straight-line method over respective lease periods. The residual value of "Lease Assets" is determined using the guaranteed residual value provided by the lease contracts or otherwise no value.

#### (6) Intangible Fixed Assets

Amortization of "Intangible fixed assets," except for "Lease assets," is calculated using the straight-line method. The capitalized cost of computer software developed/obtained for internal use is amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives (mainly three to ten years) determined by the Bank or its subsidiaries.

Amortization of "Lease assets" included in "Intangible fixed assets" is mainly computed using the straight-line method over respective lease periods.

### (7) Deferred Charges

Bond and stock issuance costs are charged to expense as incurred.

Discounts on bonds issued prior to March 31, 2006 are amortized using the straight-line method over the terms of the bonds. The unamortized portion is deducted from the bonds in accordance with Accounting Standards Board of Japan ("ASBJ") Practical Issues Task Force ("PITF") No. 19 "Tentative Solution on Accounting for Deferred Assets" (August 11, 2006).

## (8) Allowance for Credit Losses

The Bank and its domestic subsidiaries determine the amount of the "Allowance for credit losses" in accordance with the predetermined self-assessment standards and internal standards for write-offs and provisions.

For claims on borrowers that have entered into bankruptcy, special liquidation proceedings or similar legal proceedings ("Bankrupt borrowers") or borrowers that are not legally or formally insolvent but are regarded as substantially in a similar situation ("Virtually bankrupt borrowers"), an allowance is provided based on the amount of claims, after the write-offs as stated below, net of the expected amounts of recoveries from collateral and guarantees.

For claims on borrowers that are not currently bankrupt but are perceived to have a high risk of falling into bankruptcy ("Likely to become bankrupt borrowers"), where cash flows from collection of principal and interest cannot be reasonably estimated, an allowance is provided in the amount deemed necessary based on an overall solvency assessment of the claims, net of the expected amount of recoveries from collateral and guarantees.

For claims on borrowers that are likely to become bankrupt and borrowers requiring close monitoring whose cash flows from collection of principal and interest can be reasonably estimated, an allowance is provided based on the difference between the relevant cash flows discounted by the initial contractual interest rate and the carrying value of the claims.

For other claims, an allowance is provided based on the historical credit losses ratio during the defined periods.

For specified overseas claims, an additional allowance is provided based on the estimated loss resulting from the political and economic conditions of those countries.

The operating branches and assessment divisions implement the self-assessment for all claims in accordance with the Bank's self-assessment standards. The Internal Audit & Credit Examination Division, which is independent from operating divisions, conducts verifications of these assessments.

Other subsidiaries determine the "Allowance for credit losses" based on the necessary amounts considering the historical loss ratio for general claims and the uncollectible amount estimated considering the specific collectability for specific deteriorated claims.

## (9) Reserve for Bonuses

"Reserve for bonuses" is provided for estimated payment of bonuses to employees attributable to the respective semi-annual periods.

## (10) Reserve for Bonuses to Directors

"Reserve for bonuses to directors" is provided for estimated payment of bonuses to directors attributable to the respective semi-annual periods.

#### (11) Reserve for Retirement Benefits

"Reserve for retirement benefits," which is provided for future pension payments to employees, is recorded in the amount deemed accrued at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date based on the projected benefit obligation and the estimated plan assets amount at the end of each fiscal year.

Unrecognized prior service cost is amortized using the straight-line method for a period within the employees' average remaining service period, primarily over ten years, commencing in the fiscal year in which the cost is incurred.

Unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss) is amortized using the straight-line method for a period within the employees' average remaining service period, primarily over ten years, commencing in the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the gain (loss) is incurred.

#### (12) Reserve for Retirement Benefits to Directors

"Reserve for retirement benefits to directors," which is provided for payments of retirement benefits to directors of certain subsidiaries, is recorded in the amount deemed accrued at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date based on the estimated amount of benefits.

#### (13) Reserve for Loyalty Award Credits

"Reserve for loyalty award credits," which is provided to meet future use of points granted to "Super IC Card" customers, is recorded based on the estimated future use of unused points.

#### (14) Reserve for Contingent Losses

"Reserve for contingent losses," which is provided for possible losses from contingent events related to off-balance sheet and other transactions, is calculated by estimating the impact of such contingent events.

## (15) Reserve under Special Laws

"Reserve under special laws" represents a reserve for contingent liabilities from financial instruments transactions set aside in accordance with Article 46–5–1 and Article 48–3–1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and Article 175 and 189 of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Financial Instruments Business.

## (16) Assets and Liabilities Denominated in Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and accounts of the overseas branches of the Bank are translated into Japanese yen primarily at exchange rates in effect on the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date, except for investments in affiliates which are translated into Japanese yen at exchange rates in effect on the acquisition dates.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of the subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates in effect on the respective semi-annual period end dates.

#### (17) Leases

(As lessee)

The Bank's and its domestic subsidiaries' finance leases, other than those that are deemed to transfer the ownership of leased property to the lessees which commenced in fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2008, are accounted for in a similar way to purchases, and depreciation of "Lease assets" is computed using the straight-line method over the lease term with zero residual value unless residual value is guaranteed in the corresponding lease contracts.

Finance leases other than those that are deemed to transfer the ownership of leased property to the lessees, which commenced in fiscal years beginning prior to April 1, 2008, are accounted for in a similar way to operating leases.

(As lessor)

Finance leases other than those that are deemed to transfer the ownership of leased property to the lessees are accounted for in a similar way to sales, and income and expenses related to such leases are recognized by allocating interest equivalents to applicable fiscal periods instead of recording sales and costs of goods sold.

## (18) Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Derivatives are stated at fair value.

1) Hedge accounting for interest rate risks

The Bank has adopted the deferred hedge accounting method for hedging transactions for interest rate risks arising from monetary assets and liabilities. Individual hedging or portfolio hedging, as described in the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("JICPA") Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24 "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing of Application of Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments in Banking Industry" (February 13, 2002) and JICPA Accounting Committee Report No. 14 "Practical Guidelines for Accounting for Financial Instruments" (January 31, 2000), are primarily applied to determine hedged items.

With respect to hedging transactions to offset fluctuations in the fair value of fixed rate deposits, loans and other instruments, hedging instruments (e.g. interest rate swaps) are designated to hedged items individually or collectively by their maturities in accordance with Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24. With respect to hedging transactions to offset fluctuations in fair value of fixed rate bonds classified as available-for-sale securities, hedging instruments (e.g. interest rate swaps) are designated to hedged items collectively by bond type.

Since material terms related to hedged items and hedging instruments are substantially identical, and such hedging transactions are deemed highly effective, the assessment of effectiveness is based on the similarity of the terms.

With respect to hedging transactions to fix the cash flows of forecasted transactions related to floating rate deposits and loans as well as short-term fixed rate deposits, loans and other instruments, hedging instruments (e.g. interest rate swaps) are designated to hedged items collectively by interest rate indices and definite interest rate reset terms in accordance with Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24. Since material terms related to hedged items and hedging instruments are substantially identical, and such hedging transactions are deemed highly effective, the assessment of effectiveness is based on the similarity of the terms. The effectiveness of hedging transactions is also assessed by verifying the correlation of interest rate movement factors.

## 2) Hedge accounting for foreign currency risks

The Bank has adopted the deferred hedge accounting method for hedging transactions for foreign currency risks arising from monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Portfolio hedging is applied to determine hedged items as described in JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25 "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing concerning Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions in the Banking Industry" (July 29, 2002). Hedging instruments (e.g. currency swaps and forward exchange contracts) are designated to hedged items collectively by currency.

The Bank has applied portfolio hedging and individual hedging using monetary assets and liabilities denominated in the same foreign currencies and forward exchange contracts for the purpose of hedging foreign currency risks arising from investments in interests in foreign subsidiaries and affiliates, foreign currency denominated securities (other than bonds) and future investments in interest in foreign subsidiaries and affiliates. The Bank has recorded foreign currency translation differences arising from hedging instruments for investments in interests in foreign subsidiaries and affiliates in the account of foreign currency translation adjustments under other comprehensive income and has applied the fair value hedge accounting to foreign currency denominated securities (other than bonds) and the deferred hedge accounting to future investments in interests in foreign subsidiaries.

#### 3) Transactions among consolidated companies

Derivative transactions, including interest rate swaps and currency swaps which are designated as hedging instruments, among consolidated companies or between trading accounts and other accounts (or among internal sections) are not eliminated from the semi-annual consolidated statements of income and related gains and losses are recognized or deferred under hedge accounting because these derivative transactions are executed, meeting certain criteria under JICPA Industry Audit Committee Reports No. 24 and No. 25 to be regarded as equivalent to external third party transactions.

## (19) Consumption Taxes

National and local consumption taxes are excluded from transaction amounts. Non-deductible portions of consumption taxes on the purchases of "Tangible fixed assets" are expensed when incurred.

### (20) Per Share Information

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

Diluted net income per common share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities were exercised or converted into common shares. Diluted net income per common share assumes full conversion of the outstanding convertible notes and bonds at the beginning of the fiscal year (or at the time of issuance) with an applicable adjustment for related interest expense, net of tax, and full exercise of outstanding warrants.

Cash dividends per common share presented in the accompanying semi-annual consolidated statements of income are dividends applicable to the respective semi-annual periods including dividends to be paid after the end of the semi-annual period.

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The reconciliation of "Cash and cash equivalents" in the semi-annual consolidated statements of cash flows and "Cash and due from banks" in the semi-annual consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

					Millions of
		Million	ıs of	Yen	U.S. Dollars
September 30		2013		2012	2013
Cash and due from banks	¥	16,306,710	¥	7,741,020	\$ 166,821
Less: Time deposits and negotiable certificates of					
deposit included in due from banks		(12,837,585)		(5,019,389)	(131,331)
Cash and cash equivalents	¥	3,469,125	¥	2,721,630	\$ 35,490

#### 4. SECURITIES

Securities as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 included equity securities in affiliates of \(\xi\)260,926 million (\(\xi\)2,669 million) and \(\xi\)182,816 million, respectively and capital subscriptions to entities such as limited liability companies of \(\xi\)3,139 million (\(\xi\)32 million) and \(\xi\)3,443 million, respectively.

Securities loaned under unsecured securities lending transactions amounted to \(\frac{1}{279}\),992 million (\\$818 million) and \(\frac{1}{279}\),981 million as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

For securities borrowed and purchased under resale agreements where the secured parties are permitted to sell or re-pledge the securities without restrictions, \(\frac{4}{2}\),301,714 million (\(\frac{5}{2}\),547 million) and \(\frac{4}{1}\),224,467 million of such securities were re-pledged as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. \(\frac{4}{2}\)8 million (\(\frac{5}{2}\)0 million) was re-loaned as of September 30, 2013, while as of March 31, 2013, no securities were re-loaned. The remaining \(\frac{4}{2}\)2,473,452 million (\(\frac{5}{2}\)3,04 million) and \(\frac{4}{2}\)9,54,240 million of these securities were held without disposition as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

The following tables include negotiable certificates of deposit in "Cash and due from banks" and beneficial interests in trusts in "Monetary claims bought" in addition to "Securities."

#### (1) Held-to-maturity debt securities with fair value:

					Μ	Iillions of Yen				
				:	Sep	tember 30, 20	13			
		Carrying			N	Net unrealized	1	Unrealized		Unrealized
		amount		Fair value		gain (loss)		gain		loss
Japanese government bonds	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Foreign bonds		90,846		90,264		(582)		1,171		(1,753)
Other		1,505,722		1,554,304		48,581		48,581		_
Total	¥	1,596,569	¥	1,644,569	¥	47,999	¥	49,753	¥	(1,753)

		Millions of Yen											
					Mar	ch 31, 2013							
		Carrying			Net unrealized Unreal			Inrealized	ed Unrealized				
		amount		Fair value	و	gain (loss)		gain		loss			
Japanese government bonds	¥	-	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_			
Foreign bonds		89,323		91,602		2,279		2,289		(10)			
Other		1,458,103		1,509,489		51,385		51,385					
Total	¥	1,547,426	¥	1,601,091	¥	53,664	¥	53,675	¥	(10)			

 Millions of U.S. Dollars										
		S	Sept	ember 30, 20	13					
Carrying			N	let unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized		
amount		Fair value		gain (loss)		gain		loss		
\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
929		923		(6)		12		(18)		
15,404		15,901		497		497				
\$ 16,333	\$	16,824	\$	491	\$	509	\$	(18)		
\$	amount  \$ - 929 15,404	amount \$ - \$ 929 15,404	Carrying amount Fair value  \$ - \$ - 929 923 15,404 15,901	Carrying amount         Fair value           \$ - \$ - \$           929         923           15,404         15,901	September 30, 20           Carrying amount         Net unrealized gain (loss)           \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           929         923         (6)           15,404         15,901         497	September 30, 2013           Carrying amount         Fair value pair (loss)           \$ - \$ - \$ - \$           929         923         (6)           15,404         15,901         497	Carrying amount         Fair value         Net unrealized gain (loss)         Unrealized gain           \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           929         923         (6)         12           15,404         15,901         497         497	September 30, 2013           Carrying amount         Net unrealized gain (loss)         Unrealized gain           \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$         \$ - \$           929         923         (6)         12           15,404         15,901         497         497		

Note: Fair value is stated using mainly quoted market prices at semi-annual period end.

Securitized products which were collateralized by corporate loans are evaluated based on reasonably estimated amounts derived using the Bank's models.

The estimated values of the securitized products collateralized by corporate loans are obtained using both the amounts calculated using discounted future cash flows estimated based on the probability of default of the borrowers and prepayment on the loans and other factors such as liquidity premiums obtained from historical market data and prices quoted by brokers, information vendors or other sources.

## (2) Available-for-sale securities with fair value:

	Millions of Yen										
		Se	epten	nber 30, 2013							
	Carrying	Acquisition	Ne	t unrealized	Unrealized	Unrealized					
	amount	cost	٤	gain (loss)	gain	loss					
Domestic equity securities	¥ 3,550,651	¥ 2,426,138	¥	1,124,512	¥ 1,219,201	¥ (94,688)					
Domestic bonds	37,495,746	37,344,054		151,691	165,349	(13,657)					
Japanese government bonds	35,105,402	35,006,387		99,014	109,474	(10,460)					
Municipal bonds	203,038	195,628		7,409	7,409	_					
Corporate bonds	2,187,306	2,142,038		45,268	48,465	(3,197)					
Foreign equity securities	210,313	119,038		91,275	92,212	(937)					
Foreign bonds	18,110,166	18,232,783		(122,617)	51,211	(173,828)					
Other	2,739,546	2,727,830		11,716	43,277	(31,561)					
Total	¥62,106,424	¥60,849,845	¥	1,256,578	¥ 1,571,252	¥ (314,673)					

	Millions of Yen									
			March 31, 2013							
	Carrying	Acquisition	Net unrealized	Unrealized	Unrealized					
	amount	cost	gain (loss)	gain	loss					
Domestic equity securities	¥ 3,148,214	¥ 2,432,605	¥ 715,609	¥ 860,592	¥ (144,983)					
Domestic bonds	44,336,116	44,043,015	293,100	299,012	(5,911)					
Japanese government bonds	41,758,049	41,528,623	229,425	230,316	(890)					
Municipal bonds	212,006	203,075	8,930	8,934	(4)					
Corporate bonds	2,366,059	2,311,315	54,744	59,761	(5,017)					
Foreign equity securities	208,276	114,072	94,203	94,233	(30)					
Foreign bonds	12,811,724	12,669,013	142,711	162,261	(19,550)					
Other	2,642,312	2,582,712	59,600	90,842	(31,242)					
Total	¥63,146,644	¥61,841,419	¥ 1,305,224	¥ 1,506,942	¥ (201,717)					

	Millions of U.S. Dollars										
		September 30, 2013									
	(	Carrying	A	equisition	Net	t unrealized	Uı	Unrealized		Unrealized	
		amount		cost	g	ain (loss)		gain		loss	
Domestic equity securities	\$	36,324	\$	24,820	\$	11,504	\$	12,473	\$	(969)	
Domestic bonds		383,588		382,036		1,552		1,692		(140)	
Japanese government bonds		359,135		358,122		1,013		1,120		(107)	
Municipal bonds		2,077		2,001		76		76		_	
Corporate bonds		22,376		21,913		463		496		(33)	
Foreign equity securities		2,152		1,218		934		943		(9)	
Foreign bonds		185,270		186,525		(1,255)		523		(1,778)	
Other		28,026		27,906		120		443		(323)	
Total	\$	635,360	\$	622,505	\$	12,855	\$	16,074	\$	(3,219)	

## Notes:

1. Carrying amount, which is recorded on the semi-annual consolidated balance sheets, is determined based on the fair value calculated using mainly quoted market price at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date.

Securitized products which were collateralized by corporate loans are evaluated based on reasonably estimated amounts derived using the Bank's models.

The estimated values of the securitized products collateralized by corporate loans are obtained using both the amounts calculated using discounted future cash flows estimated based on the probability of default of the borrowers and prepayment on the loans and other factors such as liquidity premiums obtained from historical market data and prices quoted by brokers, information vendors or other sources.

Other securitization products are reported at reasonably estimated amounts based on the price quoted by brokers or information vendors. For some instances, other sources are used as a substitute for market values and are based on various periodical monitoring methods, including price comparison among similar products, price trend analysis on individual products, compatibility analysis against market indices, etc.

 Securities with the fair value determined using the quoted market prices or reasonable estimates, whose fair value significantly declined compared with the acquisition cost, and is considered to be other than recoverable decline, are written down to the respective fair value which is recorded as the carrying amount on the semi-annual consolidated halance sheets

Impairment losses for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013 were ¥7,183 million (\$74 million), consisting of equity securities in an amount of ¥6,149 million (\$63 million) and debt securities and others in an amount of ¥1,033 million (\$11 million).

Impairment losses for the year ended March 31, 2013 were ¥71,890 million, consisting of equity securities in an amount of ¥66,055 million and debt securities and others in an amount of ¥5,834 million.

The criteria for determining whether the fair value is "significantly declined" are defined based on the asset classification of the issuer in the Bank's internal standards for asset quality self-assessment as follows:

- (a) Bankrupt, virtually bankrupt, likely to become bankrupt issuers: Fair value is lower than acquisition cost.
- (b) Issuers requiring close monitoring: Fair value has declined by 30% or more of the acquisition cost.
- (c) Normal issuers: Fair value has declined by 50% or more of the acquisition cost.

"Bankrupt issuer" means an issuer who has entered into bankruptcy, special liquidation proceedings or similar legal proceedings or whose notes have been dishonored and suspended from processing through clearing houses. "Virtually bankrupt issuer" means an issuer who is not legally or formally bankrupt but regarded as substantially in a similar condition. "Likely to become bankrupt issuer" means an issuer who is not legally bankrupt but deemed to have high possibility of becoming bankrupt. "Issuer requiring close monitoring" means an issuer who requires close monitoring of the management. "Normal issuer" means an issuer other than "Bankrupt issuer," "Virtually bankrupt issuer," "Likely to become bankrupt issuer" or "Issuer requiring close monitoring."

3. "Unrealized gain (loss)" included losses of ¥7 million (\$0 million) and ¥79 million for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013 and for the year ended March 31, 2013, respectively, mainly resulting from the accounting treatment of embedded derivatives, which were not separated from the underlying securities.

#### 5. MONEY HELD IN TRUST

There was no "Money held in trust" classified as held-to-maturity as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

"Money held in trust" classified as other than trading and held-to-maturity as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 was as follows:

		Millions of Yen								
				S	eptemb	er 30, 2013				
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		unrealized				realized		
		amount		cost gain (loss)			gain		loss	
Money held in trust classified as other than trading and held-to-										
maturity	¥	385,053	¥	384,666	¥	386	¥	386	¥	_
					Million	ns of Yen				
					March	31, 2013				
		Carrying	A	equisition	Net	unrealized	Uı	nrealized	Uni	realized
		amount		cost	ga	in (loss)		gain		loss
Money held in trust classified as other than trading and held-to-										
maturity	¥	285,046	¥	284,555	¥	490	¥	490	¥	_

		Millions of U.S. Dollars								
		September 30, 2013								
	(	Carrying	A	equisition	Net	unrealized	U	nrealized	Un	realized
		amount		cost	ga	in (loss)		gain		loss
Money held in trust classified as other than trading and held-to-										
maturity	\$	3,939	\$	3,935	\$	4	\$	4	\$	_

Note: Carrying amount on the semi-annual consolidated balance sheets is determined based on the fair value calculated using quoted market prices and other information at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date.

#### 6. UNREALIZED GAIN ON AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

		Million	Yen	Millions of U.S. Dollars		
	Sej	ptember 30, 2013		March 31, 2013	Sep	tember 30,
Unrealized gain:	¥	1,207,004	¥	1,254,204	\$	12,348
Available-for-sale securities		1,255,716		1,309,389		12,846
Available-for-sale money held in trust		386		490		4
Securities reclassified from available-for-sale securities						
into held-to-maturity debt securities		(49,098)		(55,675)		(502)
Deferred tax liabilities:		(398,279)		(437,808)		(4,075)
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities before						
adjustments by ownership share		808,724		816,396		8,273
Minority interests		12,237		12,986		125
Bank's ownership share in unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities held by affiliates accounted for using the equity						
method		(4,835)		(3,942)		(49)
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	¥	816,126	¥	825,440	\$	8,349

#### Notes:

- 1. Unrealized gain in the table above excludes ¥7 million (\$0 million) and ¥79 million of losses mainly resulting from the accounting treatment for embedded derivatives and others as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.
- 2. Unrealized gain in the table above includes \(\xi\)2,147 million (\(\xi\)22 million) and \(\xi\)6,169 million of unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities invested in limited partnerships as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

## 7. LOANS AND BILLS DISCOUNTED

Bills discounted and rediscounted are accounted for as financial transactions in accordance with "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing of Application of Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24). The Bank has the right to sell or pledge these bills discounted. The total face value of bills discounted was \(\frac{4}{9}22,174\) million (\(\frac{5}{9},434\) million) and \(\frac{4}{9}67,611\) million as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. The total face value of foreign exchanges bills bought which were transferred due to rediscounts of bills amounted to \(\frac{4}{8},766\) million (\(\frac{5}{9}0\) million) and \(\frac{4}{7},203\) million as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

"Loans and bills discounted" as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 included the following loans:

					Mı	llions of
		Millions of Yen				
	September 30,		March 31,	Sept	ember 30,	
		2013		2013		2013
Loans to bankrupt borrowers	¥	66,251	¥	70,661	\$	678
Non-accrual delinquent loans		953,724		1,059,668		9,757
Loans past due for three months or more		46,310		35,396		474
Restructured loans		469,639		510,388		4,804
Total	¥	1,535,925	¥	1,676,114	\$	15,713

Note: Amounts above are stated before the reduction of the allowance for credit losses.

Loans to bankrupt borrowers are loans, after write-offs, to bankrupt borrowers as defined in Article 96-1-3-1 to 5 or 96-1-4 of "the Order for Enforcement of the Corporation Tax Act" (No. 97 in 1965) on which accrued interest income is not recognized ("Non-accrual loans") as there is substantial doubt as to the collection of principal and/or interest because of delinquencies in payment of principal and/or interest for a significant period of time or for some other reasons.

Non-accrual delinquent loans represent non-accrual loans other than loans to bankrupt borrowers and loans renegotiated at concessionary terms, which includes reduction or deferral of interest due to the borrower's weakened financial condition.

Loans past due for three months or more represent loans whose principal and/or interest payments have been past due for three months or more, excluding loans to bankrupt borrowers and non-accrual delinquent loans.

Restructured loans represent loans renegotiated at concessionary terms, including reduction or deferral of interest or principal and waiver of the claims, due to the borrower's weakened financial condition, excluding loans to bankrupt borrowers, non-accrual delinquent loans and loans past due for three months or more.

### 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

The accumulated depreciation of "Tangible fixed assets" as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 amounted to ¥937,779 million (\$9,594 million) and ¥918,385 million, respectively.

#### 9. LAND REVALUATION SURPLUS

In accordance with the "Act on Revaluation of Land" (the "Act") (No. 34, March 31, 1998), land used for business operations of the Bank has been revalued as of the dates indicated below. The excess of revaluation to carrying value at the time of revaluation, net of income taxes corresponding to the excess which are recognized as "Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation," is stated as "Land revaluation surplus" in equity.

Date of revaluation: March 31, 1998

The method of revaluation of assets is set forth in Article 3, Paragraph 3 of the "Act":

Fair values are determined based on (1) "Published land price under the Land Price Publication Law" stipulated in Article 2-1 of the "Order for Enforcement on Law on Revaluation of Land" ("Order") (No. 119, March 31, 1998), (2) "Standard land price determined on measurement spots under Order for Enforcement of the National Land Planning Law" stipulated in Article 2-2 of the "Order," (3) "Land price determined using the method established and published by the Director General of the National Tax Agency in order to calculate land value which is used for determining taxable amounts subject to landholding tax articulated in Article 16 of the Landholding Tax Law" stipulated in Article 2-4 of "Order" with price adjustments by shape and time.

#### 10. BORROWED MONEY AND BONDS PAYABLE

"Borrowed money" and "Bonds payable" included the following subordinated loans or subordinated bonds as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

					Mi	llions of
		Million	s of Y	ren	U.S	S. Dollars
	Se	ptember 30,	I	March 31,	Sept	ember 30,
		2013		2013		2013
Subordinated loans included in "Borrowed money"	¥	463,130	¥	469,000	\$	4,738
Subordinated bonds included in "Bonds payable"		1.827.234		2.230.938		18.693

## 11. CUSTOMERS' LIABILITIES FOR ACCEPTANCES AND GUARANTEES

All contingent liabilities arising from acceptances and guarantees are reflected in "Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees." "Acceptances and guarantees" are shown as contra assets, representing the Bank's right to receive indemnity from the applicants.

Guarantee obligations for private placement bonds included in "Securities" (provided in accordance with the Article 2-3 of the "Financial Instruments and Exchange Act") as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were \pm 876,370 million (\pm 8,965 million) and \pm 1,073,742 million, respectively.

#### 12. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL

Assets pledged as collateral and their relevant liabilities as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

					Mi	illions of	
		Million	s of Y	'en	U.S. Dollars		
	Sej	ptember 30,	]	March 31,	Sept	ember 30,	
		2013		2013	-	2013	
Assets pledged as collateral:							
Cash and due from banks	¥	1,920	¥	1,300	\$	20	
Securities		1,250,936		1,242,083		12,797	
Loans and bills discounted		6,204,102		4,913,989		63,469	
Other assets		11,275		156,749		116	
Tangible fixed assets		33,155		26,869		339	
Total	¥	7,501,390	¥	6,340,992	\$	76,741	
Relevant liabilities to above assets:							
Deposits	¥	433,745	¥	220,756	\$	4,437	
Call money and bills sold		530,000		530,000		5,422	
Trading liabilities		55,790		77,503		571	
Borrowed money		5,969,157		4,718,201		61,066	
Bonds payable		22,853		_		234	
Other liabilities		1		51,726		0	
Acceptances and guarantees		226		244		2	
Total	¥	7,011,774	¥	5,598,432	\$	71,732	

In addition to the above, the following assets were pledged as collateral for cash settlements and other transactions or as deposits for margin accounts of futures and other transactions:

					M	ıllıons of
		Million	/en	U.S. Dollars		
	September 30,			March 31,	Sep	tember 30,
	2013			2013		2013
Assets pledged as collateral:						
Cash and due from banks	¥	2,564	¥	1,852	\$	26
Monetary claims bought		270,274		275,110		2,765
Securities		11,085,420		8,758,428		113,406
Loans and bills discounted		7,159,513		6,831,795		73,243
Total	¥	18,517,771	¥	15,867,187	\$	189,440

Furthermore, trading assets and securities sold under repurchase agreements or loaned under securities lending with cash collateral were \(\frac{4}{9}32,941\) million (\(\frac{5}{9},544\) million) and \(\frac{4}{8},778,579\) million (\(\frac{5}{8}9,806\) million) as of September 30, 2013 and \(\frac{4}{1},053,933\) million and \(\frac{4}{6}4,407\) million as of March 31, 2013, respectively.

Relevant payables under repurchase agreements were ¥9,964,427 million (\$101,938 million) and ¥6,333,304 million as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

Relevant payables under securities lending transactions were ¥591,799 million (\$6,054 million) and ¥1,106,591 million as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

## 13. LOAN COMMITMENTS

Overdraft facilities and commitment lines of credit are binding contracts under which the Group has obligations to disburse funds up to predetermined limits upon the borrower's request as long as there has been no breach of contract. The total amount of the unused portion of these facilities were \(\xi\)62,719,684 million (\\$641,634 million) and \(\xi\)61,216,101 million as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

The total amount of the unused portion does not necessarily represent actual future cash requirements because many of these contracts are expected to expire without being drawn upon. In addition, most of these contracts include clauses which allow the Group to decline the borrower's request for disbursement or decrease contracted limits for cause, such as changes in financial conditions or deterioration in the borrower's creditworthiness. The Group may request the borrowers to pledge real property and/or securities as collateral upon signing of the contract and will perform periodic monitoring on the borrower's business conditions in accordance with internal procedures, which may lead to renegotiation of the terms and conditions of the contracts and/or initiate the request for additional collateral and/or guarantees.

## 14. CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Japanese banks are subject to the Banking Law and to the Companies Act.

The significant provisions in the Companies Act that affect financial and accounting matters are summarized below:

#### (1) Dividends

Under the Companies Act, companies can pay dividends at any time during the fiscal year in addition to the year-end dividend upon resolution at the shareholders' meeting. For companies that meet certain criteria such as: (1) having the Board of Directors, (2) having independent auditors, (3) having the Board of Corporate Auditors, and (4) the term of service of the directors is prescribed as one year rather than two years of normal term by its articles of incorporation, the Board of Directors may declare dividends (except for dividends in kind) at any time during the fiscal year if the company has prescribed so in its articles of incorporation. However, the Bank cannot do so because it does not meet all of the above criteria. The Companies Act permits companies to distribute dividends in kind (non-cash assets) to shareholders subject to certain limitations and additional requirements. Semi-annual dividends may also be paid once a year upon resolution by the Board of

Directors if the articles of incorporation of the company so stipulate. The Bank can do so because it stipulates this in its articles of incorporation. The Companies Act provides certain limitations on the amounts available for dividends or the purchase of treasury stock. The limitation is defined as the amount available for distribution to the shareholders, but the amount of equity after dividends must be maintained at no less than ¥3 million.

## (2) Increases/Decreases and Transfer of Capital Stock, Reserve and Surplus

The Banking Law requires that an amount equal to 20% of dividends must be appropriated as a legal reserve (a component of retained earnings) or as capital reserve (a component of capital surplus) depending on the equity account charged upon the payment of such dividends until the total of the aggregate amount of legal reserve and capital reserve equals 100% of capital stock.

Under the Companies Act and the Banking Law, the aggregate amount of capital reserve and legal reserve that exceeds 100% of the capital stock may be made available for dividends by resolution of the shareholders after transferring such excess to other capital surplus and other retained earnings in accordance with the Companies Act. Under the Companies Act, the total amount of capital reserve and legal reserve may be reversed without limitation. The Companies Act also provides that capital stock, legal reserve, capital reserve, other capital surplus and other retained earnings can be transferred among the accounts under certain conditions upon resolution of the shareholders.

#### (3) Treasury Stock and Treasury Stock Acquisition Rights

The Companies Act also provides for companies to purchase treasury stock and dispose of such treasury stock by resolution of the Board of Directors. The amount of treasury stock purchased cannot exceed the amount available for distribution to the shareholders which is determined by a specific formula. Under the Companies Act, stock acquisition rights, which were previously presented as a liability, are now presented as a separate component of equity. The Companies Act also provides that companies can purchase both treasury stock acquisition rights and treasury stock. Such treasury stock acquisition rights are presented as a separate component of equity or deducted directly from stock acquisition rights.

#### 15. CAPITAL STOCK AND DIVIDENDS PAID

Capital stock consists of common stock and preferred stock. The changes in the number of issued shares of common stock and preferred stock during the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

		Number of sl	nares in thousa	nds
	April 1, 2013	Increase	Decrease	September 30, 2013
Outstanding shares issued:				
Common stock	12,350,038	_	_	12,350,038
Preferred stock—first series of Class 2	100,000	_	_	100,000
Preferred stock—first series of Class 4	79,700	_	_	79,700
Preferred stock—first series of Class 6	1,000	_	_	1,000
Preferred stock—first series of Class 7	177,000	_	_	177,000
Total	12,707,738	_		12,707,738
Treasury stock:				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 2	100,000	_	_	100,000
Preferred stock—first series of Class 4	79,700	_	_	79,700
Preferred stock—first series of Class 6	1,000	_	_	1,000
Preferred stock—first series of Class 7	21,000	_	_	21,000
Total	201,700	_	_	201,700

	Number of shares in thousands							
	April 1, 2012	Increase	Decrease	September 30, 2012				
Outstanding shares issued:								
Common stock	12,350,038	_	_	12,350,038				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 2	100,000	_	_	100,000				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 4	79,700	_	_	79,700				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 6	1,000	_	_	1,000				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 7	177,000	_	_	177,000				
Total	12,707,738	_	_	12,707,738				
Treasury stock:								
Preferred stock—first series of Class 2	100,000	_	_	100,000				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 4	79,700	_	_	79,700				
Preferred stock—first series of Class 7	21,000	_	_	21,000				
Total	200,700	_	_	200,700				

The Bank paid the following cash dividends during the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

## For the six-month period ended September 30, 2013:

The following cash dividend payments were approved at the shareholders' meeting held on June 26, 2013:

	Total uniously Tot Share Dividend		Dividend record date	Effective date		
Year-end cash dividends:	-			•		
Common stock	¥	69,036	¥	5.59	Mar. 31, 2013	Jun. 26, 2013
Preferred stock—first series of Class 7		8,970		57.50	Mar. 31, 2013	Jun. 26, 2013
Total	¥	78,006				
	(Millions of		Per share amount (U.S. Dollar)			
	(M	illions of	a	mount	Dividend record date	Effective date
Year-end cash dividends:	(M	illions of	a	mount	211140114110014	Effective date
Year-end cash dividends: Common stock	(M	illions of	a	mount	211140114110014	Effective date  Jun. 26, 2013
	(M: U.S	illions of . Dollars)	a (U.S	mount S. Dollar)	date	

## For the six-month period ended September 30, 2012:

The following cash dividend payments were approved at the shareholders' meeting held on June 27, 2012:

		al amount ions of Yen)	_	er share ount (Yen)	Dividend record date	Effective date
Year-end cash dividends:						
Common stock	¥	71,012	¥	5.75	Mar. 31, 2012	Jun. 27, 2012
Preferred stock—first series of Class 6		105		105.45	Mar. 31, 2012	Jun. 27, 2012
Preferred stock—first series of Class 7		8,970		57.50	Mar. 31, 2012	Jun. 27, 2012
Total	¥	80,088				

There was no issuance of stock acquisition rights and treasury stock acquisition rights during the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### 16. OTHER INCOME

Other income for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following:

					M	illions of
		Million	U.S	U.S. Dollars		
Six-month periods ended September 30		2013		2012	2013	
Gains on sales of equity securities and other securities	¥	47,162	¥	11,427	\$	483
Gains on collection of bad debts		17,240		18,549		176
Reversal of allowance for credit losses		58,858		_		602
Leasing income		14,702		15,293		150
Other		37,916		25,273		388
Total	¥	175,879	¥	70,544	\$	1,799

#### 17. OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following:

		Million		Millions of U.S. Dollars 2013		
Six-month periods ended September 30	2013					2012
Write-offs of loans	¥	41,863	¥	37,844	\$	428
Losses on write-down of equity securities and other						
securities		11,960		170,662		123
Settlement package (*)		24,537		_		251
Other		45,935		63,592		470
Total	¥	124,295	¥	272,099	\$	1,272

<sup>(\*) &</sup>quot;Settlement package" refers to a payment based on a consent agreement entered with the New York State Department of Financial Services relating to the settlement transactions for countries subject to economic sanctions defined by the United States of America.

#### 18. LEASES

#### (1) Lessee

Finance leases

The Group leases various tangible and intangible fixed assets under finance lease arrangements.

The Bank and its domestic subsidiaries account for finance leases other than those that are deemed to transfer the ownership of leased property to the lessee, which commenced in fiscal years beginning before April 1, 2008, in a similar way to operating leases as permitted by the revised accounting standard.

Pro forma information of leased property such as acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, liabilities under finance leases and depreciation expense of finance leases that existed as of April 1, 2008 and other than those that are deemed to transfer the ownership of leased property to the lessee on an "as if capitalized" basis as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 was as follows:

Note that leased property of certain foreign subsidiaries which account for finance leases as purchase transactions is excluded from the following table:

#### Millions of Yen March 31, 2013 September 30, 2013 Acquisition Accumulated Accumulated Net leased Acquisition Net leased cost depreciation property cost depreciation property 12,959 16,399 Tangible fixed assets 10,458 2,500 12,928 3,470 Intangible fixed assets 182 167 182 152 30 15 13,080 13,142 10,626 3,501 16,582 Total ¥ ¥ 2,516 ¥ ¥ ¥

		Millions of U.S. Dollars						
	September 30, 2013							
	Acc	quisition	Acc	umulated	Net leased			
		cost	dep	reciation	property			
Tangible fixed assets	\$	132	\$	107	\$	25		
Intangible fixed assets		2		2		0		
Total	\$	134	\$	109	\$	25		

Note: The acquisition costs include interest expense since the future lease payments are immaterial when compared with the balance of the "Tangible fixed assets" as of September 30, 2013.

#### Future lease payments:

	<u></u>	Million		Millions of U.S. Dollars			
	Septemb	September 30, 2013 March 3			31, 2013 September 30,		
Due within one year	¥	1,479	¥	1,762	\$	15	
Due after one year		1,036		1,738		11	
Total	¥	2,516	¥	3,501	\$	26	

Note: Future lease payments include interest expense since the future lease payments are immaterial when compared with the balance of the "Tangible fixed assets" as of September 30, 2013.

Total lease payments under finance leases for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were ¥978 million (\$10 million) and ¥1,519 million, respectively.

### Depreciation expense under finance leases:

		Millions of	Million	Millions of U.S. Dollars		
Six-month periods ended September 30	2	013	2012		2013	
Depreciation expense	¥	978 ¥	1 519	\$	10	

Depreciation expense, which is not reflected in the accompanying semi-annual consolidated statements of income, is computed using the straight-line method over the lease term with zero residual value.

## Operating leases

Future lease payments including interest expense under non-cancelable operating leases as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		Million	Millions of U.S. Dollars			
	Septer	mber 30, 2013	Mar	ch 31, 2013	September 30, 2013	
Due within one year	¥	30,572	¥	32,707	\$	313
Due after one year		223,598		201,073		2,287
Total	¥	254,170	¥	233,781	\$	2,600

#### (2) Lessor

## Operating leases

Future lease receivables including interest receivables under non-cancelable operating leases as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		Million	Millions of U.S. Dollars			
	Septe	mber 30, 2013	Marc	ch 31, 2013	September 30, 2013	
Due within one year	¥	26,162	¥	22,999	\$	267
Due after one year		90,397		75,749		925
Total	¥	116,560	¥	98,749	\$	1,192

## 19. PER SHARE INFORMATION

	Yen				U.S. Dollars	
	Sep	otember 30,	N	Iarch 31,	September 30	
	2013		2013		2013	
Total equity per share	¥	763.27	¥	729.93	\$	7.81

		U.S. Dollars			
Six-month periods ended September 30	2	2013	2012	2	2013
Net income per common share	¥	26.76 ¥	17.69	\$	0.27
Diluted net income per common share		26.76	17.69		0.27

Note: Net income per share and diluted net income per share are calculated based on the following:

					Mi	llions of
		Millior	U.S	U.S. Dollars		
Six-month periods ended September 30	2013			2012	2013	
Net income	¥	339,525	¥	227,569	\$	3,473
Amount not attributable to common shareholders		(8,970)		(9,075)		(92)
Preferred dividends		(8,970)		(9,075)		(92)
Net income attributable to common shares		330,555		218,493		3,381

	Number of shares	s in thousands
Six-month periods ended September 30	2013	2012
Average number of common shares during the period	12,350,038	12,350,038

Total equity per share was calculated based on the following:

				N	Illions of	
	Millions	U.S. Dollars				
So	eptember 30,		March 31,	Sep	otember 30,	
	2013		2013	2013		
¥	11,124,540	¥	10,658,841	\$	113,806	
	1,299,105		1,245,093		13,290	
	390,000		390,000		3,990	
	8,970		8,970		92	
	1,698,075		1,644,063		17,372	
¥	9,426,465	¥	9,014,777	\$	96,434	
	¥	September 30, 2013 ¥ 11,124,540 1,299,105 390,000 8,970 1,698,075	September 30, 2013 ¥ 11,124,540 ¥ 1,299,105 390,000 8,970 1,698,075	2013 2013 ¥ 11,124,540 ¥ 10,658,841 1,299,105 1,245,093 390,000 390,000 8,970 8,970 1,698,075 1,644,063	Millions of Yen         U.           September 30, March 31, 2013         September 30, March 31, 2013           ¥ 11,124,540 ¥ 10,658,841         \$           1,299,105 1,245,093 390,000 8,970 8,970         390,000 8,970           1,698,075 1,644,063         1,644,063	

	Number of share	s in thousands
	September 30, 2013	March 31, 2013
Number of common shares used in computing total		
equity per share	12,350,038	12,350,038

## 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

## Fair value of financial instruments

The following table summarizes the carrying amount and the fair value of financial instruments as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 together with their differences. Note that the following table does not include unlisted equity securities or certain other securities whose fair value is extremely difficult to determine (see Note 2).

	Iillions of Yen					
					Un	realized gain
September 30, 2013	Ca	rrying amount		Fair value		(loss)
(1) Cash and due from banks	¥	16,306,710	¥	16,306,710	¥	_
(2) Call loans and bills bought		418,574		418,574		_
(3) Receivables under resale agreements		960,445		960,445		_
(4) Receivables under securities borrowing						
transactions		538,838		538,838		_
(5) Monetary claims bought (*1)		3,487,660		3,536,242		48,581
(6) Trading assets		1,475,142		1,475,142		_
(7) Money held in trust		439,685		439,685		_
(8) Securities:						
Held-to-maturity securities		90,846		90,264		(582)
Available-for-sale securities		61,514,530		61,514,530		_
(9) Loans and bills discounted		84,779,974				
Allowance for credit losses (*1)		(738,620)				
		84,041,354		85,074,968		1,033,614
(10) Foreign exchange assets (*1)		1,501,449		1,501,449		
Total assets	¥	170,775,239	¥	171,856,853	¥	1,081,614
(1) Deposits	¥	123,878,932	¥	123,908,400	¥	29,467
(2) Negotiable certificates of deposit		10,496,004		10,500,141		4,137
(3) Call money and bills sold		2,521,660		2,521,660		_
(4) Payables under repurchase agreements		12,037,354		12,037,354		_
(5) Payables under securities lending						
transactions		622,554		622,554		_
(6) Commercial paper		1,159,331		1,159,331		_
(7) Trading liabilities		16,573		16,573		_
(8) Borrowed money		7,929,727		7,966,061		36,333
(9) Foreign exchange liabilities		1,042,378		1,042,378		_
(10) Short-term bonds payable		_		_		_
(11)Bonds payable		4,577,079		4,694,090		117,011
Total liabilities	¥	164,281,596	¥	164,468,546	¥	186,949
Derivatives (*2):						
To which hedge accounting is not applied	¥	292,729	¥	292,729	¥	_
To which hedge accounting is applied		86,200		86,200		
Total derivatives	¥	378,930	¥	378,930	¥	

Millions of Yen

			10.	illions of Tell		
					Un	realized gain
March 31, 2013		rrying amount		Fair value		(loss)
(1) Cash and due from banks	¥	9,420,885	¥	9,420,885	¥	
(2) Call loans and bills bought		416,849		416,849		_
(3) Receivables under resale agreements		1,121,637		1,121,637		_
(4) Receivables under securities borrowing						
transactions		724,782		724,782		_
(5) Monetary claims bought (*1)		3,330,246		3,381,631		51,385
(6) Trading assets		1,821,268		1,821,268		_
(7) Money held in trust		343,074		343,074		_
(8) Securities:						
Held-to-maturity securities		89,323		91,602		2,279
Available-for-sale securities		62,624,653		62,624,653		_
(9) Loans and bills discounted		80,947,236				
Allowance for credit losses (*1)		(773,531)				
		80,173,705		81,233,770		1,060,064
(10) Foreign exchange assets (*1)		1,413,258		1,413,258		_
Total assets	¥	161,479,684	¥	162,593,414	¥	1,113,729
			_			
(1) Deposits	¥	120,153,990	¥	120,195,318	¥	41,327
(2) Negotiable certificates of deposit		9,731,585		9,736,963		5,378
(3) Call money and bills sold		3,078,930		3,078,930		_
(4) Payables under repurchase agreements		7,326,949		7,326,949		_
(5) Payables under securities lending						
transactions		1,139,726		1,139,726		_
(6) Commercial paper		838,990		838,990		_
(7) Trading liabilities		10,151		10,151		_
(8) Borrowed money		6,627,666		6,675,675		48,008
(9) Foreign exchange liabilities		908,428		908,428		_
(10) Short-term bonds payable		109,946		109,946		_
(11) Bonds payable		4,689,978		4,839,606		149,628
Total liabilities	¥	154,616,344	¥	154,860,687	¥	244,343
Derivatives (*2):	_					
To which hedge accounting is not applied	¥	315,779	¥	315,779	¥	_
To which hedge accounting is applied		(98,161)		(98,161)		_
Total derivatives	¥	217,618	¥	217,618	¥	
	_	,,3	_	.,,,,,,,	_	

	Willions of O.S. Donars										
					Ur	realized gain					
September 30, 2013	Car	rying amount		Fair value	(loss)						
(1) Cash and due from banks	\$	166,821	\$	166,821	\$	_					
(2) Call loans and bills bought		4,282		4,282		_					
(3) Receivables under resale agreements		9,826		9,826		_					
(4) Receivables under securities borrowing											
transactions		5,512		5,512		_					
(5) Monetary claims bought (*1)		35,679		36,176		497					
(6) Trading assets		15,091		15,091		_					
(7) Money held in trust		4,498		4,498		_					
(8) Securities:											
Held-to-maturity securities		929		923		(6)					
Available-for-sale securities		629,305		629,305		<del>-</del>					
(9) Loans and bills discounted		867,314									
Allowance for credit losses (*1)		(7,556)									
		859,758		870,332		10,574					
(10) Foreign exchange assets (*1)		15,360		15,360							
Total assets	\$	1,747,061	\$	1,758,126	\$	11,065					
			_	, ,							
(1) Deposits		1,267,304		1,267,605		301					
(2) Negotiable certificates of deposit		107,376		107,418		42					
(3) Call money and bills sold		25,797		25,797		_					
(4) Payables under repurchase agreements		123,144		123,144		_					
(5) Payables under securities lending		,		,							
transactions		6,369		6,369		_					
(6) Commercial paper		11,860		11,860		_					
(7) Trading liabilities		169		169		_					
(8) Borrowed money		81,123		81,495		372					
(9) Foreign exchange liabilities		10,664		10,664		_					
(10) Short-term bonds payable		_		, <u> </u>		_					
(11)Bonds payable		46,824		48,021		1,197					
Total liabilities	\$	1,680,630	\$	1,682,542	\$	1,912					
Derivatives (*2):		, ,	÷	, ,-	<u> </u>						
To which hedge accounting is not applied	\$	2,995	\$	2,995	\$	_					
To which hedge accounting is applied	4	882	4	882	4	_					
Total derivatives	\$	3,877	\$	3,877	\$						
10mi doiivativos	Ψ	3,077	Ψ	5,077	Ψ						

Millions of U.S. Dollars

- (\*1) General and specific allowances for credit losses corresponding to loans are deducted. However, with respect to items other than loans, the carrying amount is shown because the amount of allowance for credit losses corresponding to these items was insignificant.
- (\*2) Derivatives in trading assets and liabilities and in other assets and liabilities are shown together. Assets and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are presented on a net basis. Net liabilities are presented in parentheses.

#### Notes

 $1. \ \ Method \ used \ for \ determining \ the \ fair \ value \ of \ financial \ instruments \\ \underline{Assets}$ 

## (1) "Cash and due from banks"

- For deposits without maturity, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount. For deposits with maturity, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount because the remaining maturity periods of the majority of such deposits are short (maturity within one year).
- (2) "Call loans and bills bought," (3) "Receivables under resale agreements," and (4) "Receivables under securities borrowing transactions"
  - For each of these items, the majority of transactions are short contract terms (one year or less). Thus, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount.

#### (5) "Monetary claims bought"

The fair value of "Monetary claims bought" is determined based on the price quoted by the financial institutions from which these claims were purchased or on the amount reasonably calculated based on the reasonable estimation. For certain monetary claims bought to which these methods do not apply, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying value.

#### (6) "Trading assets"

For securities such as bonds that are held for trading purposes, the fair value is determined based on the market price at the exchange, the price quoted by the financial institutions from which these securities were purchased or the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the interest rate which is the adjusted market interest rate on the evaluation date.

#### (7) "Money held in trust"

For securities that are part of trust property in an independently managed monetary trust with the primary purpose to manage securities, the fair value is determined based on the price quoted by the financial institutions from which these securities were purchased.

See Note 5 "Money Held in Trust" for notes on money held in trust by categories based on different holding purposes.

#### (8) "Securities"

The fair value of equity securities is determined based on the price quoted by the exchange and the fair value of bonds is determined based on the price quoted by the exchange or the financial institutions from which these securities were purchased. The fair value of investment trusts is determined based on the publicly available price. For privately placed guaranteed bonds held by the Bank, the fair value is determined based on the present value of expected future cash flows, which is adjusted to reflect default risk, amount to be collected from collateral, guarantees, guarantee fees, and discounted at an interest rate based on the market interest rate as of the date of evaluation with certain adjustments. With respect to variable rate Japanese government bonds that are included in "Securities" in the table above, the Bank values them at an amount calculated on a reasonable basis according to ASBJ PITF No. 25 "Practical Solution on Measurement of Fair Value for Financial Assets" (issued on October 28, 2008 by the ASBJ), as the Bank determined that taking into account the recent market conditions, the market price of these securities as of the consolidated balance sheet date cannot be regarded as the fair value. The value of variable rate Japanese government bonds calculated on a reasonable basis is determined by discounting the expected future cash flow estimated based on factors such as the yield of government bonds, and the discounting rate is based on the yield of such government bonds, the value of embedded options and the liquidity premium based on the actual market premiums observed in the past.

For certain securitized products whose underlying assets are corporate loan receivables, the fair value is determined by taking into account an amount calculated by discounting the expected future cash flow, which is derived from such factors as default probability and prepayment rate derived from analyses of the underlying assets and discounted at a rate, which is the yield of such securitized products adjusted for the liquidity premium based on the actual historical market data, as well as the price obtained from external parties (brokers or information vendors). For other securitized products, the fair value is determined based on the price obtained from external parties after considering the result of periodic confirmation of the current status of these products, including price comparison with similar products, time series data comparison of the same product, and analysis of consistency with publicly available market indices. See Note 4 "Securities" for notes on securities by categories based on holding purposes.

#### (9) "Loans and bills discounted"

With respect to loans, for each category of loans based on types of loans, internal ratings and maturity length, the fair value is determined based on the present value of expected future cash flows, which is adjusted to reflect default risk and expected amount to be collected from collateral and guarantees and discounted at an interest rate based on the market interest rate as of the date of evaluation with certain adjustments. For loans with variable interest rates such as certain residential loans provided to individual homeowners, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount, unless the creditworthiness of the borrower has changed significantly since the loan origination. For receivables from "bankrupt," "virtually bankrupt," and "likely to become bankrupt" borrowers, credit loss is estimated based on factors such as the present value of expected future cash flow or the expected amount to be collected from collateral and guarantees. Since the fair value of these items approximates the net amount of receivables after the deduction of allowance for credit losses on the consolidated balance sheets as of the consolidated balance sheet date, such amount is presented as the fair value.

#### (10) "Foreign exchange assets"

"Foreign exchange assets" consist of foreign currency deposits with other banks (due from foreign banks (our accounts)), short-term loans involving foreign currencies (due from foreign banks (their accounts)), export bills and traveler's checks, etc. (foreign bills bought), and loans on notes using import bills (foreign bills receivable). For these items, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount because most of these items are deposits without maturity or have short contract terms (one year or less).

#### Liabilities

(1) "Deposits" and (2) "Negotiable certificates of deposit"

For demand deposits, the amount payable on demand as of the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e., the carrying amount) is considered to be the fair value. For variable rate time deposits, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount because the market interest rate is reflected in such deposits within a short time period. Fixed rate time deposits are grouped by certain maturity lengths. The fair value of such deposits is the present value of discounted expected future cash flow. The discount rate used is the interest rate that would be applied to newly accepted deposits.

- (3) "Call money and bills sold," (4) "Payables under repurchase agreements," (5) "Payables under securities lending transactions" and (6) "Commercial paper"
  - For these items, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount because the majority of them are short contract terms (one year or less).
- (7) "Trading liabilities"

For securities such as bonds that are sold short for trading purposes, the fair value is determined based on the price quoted by the exchange or the financial institutions to which these securities were sold.

(8) "Borrowed money"

For floating rate borrowings, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount. This is done so on the basis that the market interest rate is reflected in the fair value set within a short time period for such floating rate borrowings and that there has been no significant change in the Bank's nor the subsidiaries' creditworthiness after such borrowings were made. For fixed rate borrowings, the fair value is calculated as the present value of expected future cash flow from these borrowings grouped by certain maturity lengths, which is discounted at an interest rate generally applicable to similar borrowings reflecting the premium applicable to the Bank or subsidiaries.

(9) "Foreign exchange liabilities"

Among foreign exchange contracts, foreign currency deposits accepted from other banks and non-resident Japanese yen deposits are deposits without maturity (due to other foreign banks). Moreover, foreign currency short-term borrowings have short contract terms (one year or less). Thus, the carrying amount is presented as the fair value for these contracts as the fair value approximates such carrying amount.

(10) "Short-term bonds payable"

For "Short-term bonds payable," the carrying amount is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount because they carry short contract terms (one year or less).

(11) "Bonds payable"

The fair value of corporate bonds issued by the Group is determined based on their market price. For certain corporate bonds, the fair value is calculated as the present value of expected future cash flow discounted at an interest rate generally applicable to issuance of similar corporate bonds. For variable rate corporate bonds without market prices, the carrying amount of such bonds is presented as the fair value, as the fair value approximates such carrying amount. This is on the basis that the market interest rate is reflected in the fair value of such corporate bonds because such bond terms were set within a short time period and that there has been no significant change in the creditworthiness of the Group after the issuance. For fixed rate corporate bonds, the fair value is the present value of expected future cash flow from these borrowings, which is discounted at an interest rate generally applicable to similar borrowings reflecting the premium applicable to the Bank or its subsidiaries.

2. The following table summarizes financial instruments whose fair value is extremely difficult to estimate. These securities are not included in the amount presented under the line item "Assets—Available-for-sale securities" in the table summarizing fair value of financial instruments.

		rrying amount			
				Mi	llions of
	Millions	U.S	U.S. Dollars		
September 30, 2013			March 31,	Sept	ember 30,
			2013	2013	
¥	264,438	¥	274,249	\$	2,705
	153,759		159,837		1,573
	512		391		5
¥	418,709	¥	434,477	\$	4,283
	¥	September 30, 2013 ¥ 264,438 153,759 512	Millions of Yes  September 30, M  2013  ¥ 264,438 ¥  153,759  512	Millions of Yen  September 30, March 31, 2013 2013  ¥ 264,438 ¥ 274,249 153,759 159,837 512 391	Millions of Yen     U.S       September 30, March 31, 2013     September 30, March 31, September 30, March 31, September 30, Se

- (\*1) Unlisted equity securities do not carry quoted market prices. Since it is extremely difficult to estimate the fair value of these securities, their fair value is not disclosed.
- (\*2) With respect to unlisted equity securities, an impairment loss of ¥5,617 million (\$57 million) and ¥4,810 million was recorded for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013 and for the year ended March 31, 2013, respectively.
- (\*3) Investments in partnerships mainly include anonymous partnerships and investment business partnerships, etc. Since it is extremely difficult to estimate the fair value of these securities, their fair value is not disclosed.

## 21. DERIVATIVES

The Bank had the following derivatives outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

## Derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied:

With respect to derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied, contract amount or notional principal, fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date by transaction type and valuation method of fair value are as follows: Note that contract amounts do not represent the market risk exposure associated with derivatives. Derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied are not required to be disclosed in the semi-annual financial statements.

## (1) Interest rate related derivatives

		Millions of Yen									
		September 30, 2013									
			Contrac	t amo	unt						
			Total O		Over one year		Fair value	Va	aluation gain (loss)		
Transactions listed on ex	changes:				-						
Interest rate futures	Sold	¥	2,083,008	¥	981,472	¥	(1,628)	¥	(1,628)		
	Bought		457,203		182,626		348		348		
Interest rate options	Sold		183,189,721		_		(23,868)		5,340		
	Bought		75,812,064		_		16,077		(12,679)		
Over-the counter ("OTC	") transactions:										
Forward rate agreements	Sold		_		_		_		_		
	Bought		23,264		4,105		(26)		(26)		
Interest rate swaps	Receivable fixed rate/										
	Payable floating rate		98,202,151		79,215,351		2,299,363		2,299,363		
	Receivable floating rate/										
	Payable fixed rate		100,662,648		80,224,374		(2,143,914)		(2,143,914)		
	Receivable floating rate/										
	Payable floating rate		36,344,730		28,489,039		27,862		27,862		
	Receivable fixed rate/										
	Payable fixed rate		420,928		290,548		(595)		(595)		
Interest rate swaptions	Sold		7,845,073		2,394,223		(88,480)		(71,357)		
-	Bought		4,556,758		1,662,625		61,033		46,059		
Other	Sold		1,999,103		1,619,499		(4,671)		(2,051)		
	Bought		1,922,899		1,654,048		9,404		7,814		
Total			_		_	¥	150,904	¥	154,535		

					Millions of Yen									
		March 31, 2013												
			Contrac											
		T 1			r: 1	Valuation gain								
Transactions listed on ex	ah angaga		Total		Over one year		Fair value		(loss)					
Interest rate futures	Sold	¥	2,963,060	¥	2,214,775	¥	(2,035)	¥	(2,035)					
interest rate rutures	Bought	-	1,597,109	-	1,045,958	-	(10)		(10)					
Interest rate options	Sold		54,882,896		1,043,736		(2,775)		5,088					
interest rate options	Bought		28,032,446		865		2,706		(5,195)					
OTC transactions:	Dought		20,032,440		003		2,700		(3,173)					
0 - 0	Sold		_		_		_		_					
Forward rate agreements			22,383		3,950		(52)		(52)					
T	Bought Receivable fixed rate/		22,363		3,930		(32)		(32)					
Interest rate swaps			90,289,342		70,049,902		3,278,337		3,278,337					
	Payable floating rate		90,289,342		70,049,902		3,278,337		3,278,337					
	Receivable floating rate/		02 000 005		71 202 200		(2.144.657)		(2.144.657)					
	Payable fixed rate		93,098,005		71,293,209		(3,144,657)		(3,144,657)					
	Receivable floating rate/													
	Payable floating rate		35,179,263		27,507,588		21,245		21,245					
	Receivable fixed rate/													
	Payable fixed rate		434,435		289,927		(994)		(994)					
Interest rate swaptions	Sold		7,899,443		3,031,241		(124,116)		(104,186)					
_	Bought		3,997,928		1,910,518		89,340		79,268					
Other	Sold		2,035,616		1,792,217		(6,049)		(3,294)					
	Bought		1,956,873		1,753,528		10,809		9,167					

Total

121,747

¥

¥

132,680

			Millions of	U.S	. Dollars		
			Septemb	er 30	), 2013		
			1	Valuation gain			
		Total	Over one year		Fair value		(loss)
Transactions listed on ex	changes:						
Interest rate futures	Sold	\$ 21,310	\$ 10,041	\$	(17)	\$	(17)
	Bought	4,677	1,868		4		4
Interest rate options	Sold	1,874,064	_		(244)		55
	Bought	775,571	_		165		(130)
OTC transactions:							
Forward rate agreements	Sold	_	_		_		_
	Bought	238	42		(0)		(0)
Interest rate swaps	Receivable fixed rate/						
	Payable floating rate	1,004,626	810,387		23,523		23,523
	Receivable floating rate/						
	Payable fixed rate	1,029,797	820,710		(21,933)		(21,933)
	Receivable floating rate/						
	Payable floating rate	371,813	291,448		285		285
	Receivable fixed rate/						
	Payable fixed rate	4,306	2,972		(6)		(6)
Interest rate swaptions	Sold	80,257	24,493		(905)		(730)
	Bought	46,616	17,009		624		471
Other	Sold	20,451	16,568		(48)		(21)
	Bought	19,672	16,921		96		80
Total		_	_	\$	1,544	\$	1,581

#### Notes:

- 1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) was reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.
- 2. Fair values of transactions listed on exchanges are calculated using the last quoted market price at the Tokyo Financial Exchange Inc. or other exchanges at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date. Fair values of OTC transactions are calculated using the discounted present value, option pricing models or other methods.

## (2) Currency related derivatives

					Millions	of Y	en		
					September	30, 2	2013		
			Contrac	t amo	unt	_			
								Va	luation gain
			Total	C	Over one year		Fair value		(loss)
Transactions listed on exchanges:									
Currency futures	Sold	¥	150,502	¥	5,214	¥	1,088	¥	1,088
	Bought		32,280		501		148		148
Currency options	Sold		13		_		(0)		0
	Bought		13		_		0		(0)
OTC transactions:									
Currency swaps			26,697,698		19,101,139		65,527		65,527
Forward contracts on foreign exchange	Sold		35,902,097		1,664,571		(441,569)		(441,569)
	Bought		34,197,893		1,689,594		564,544		564,544
Currency options	Sold		8,715,046		3,330,705		(287,971)		86,694
	Bought		8,835,573		3,337,340		236,600		(110,958)
Total			_		_	¥	138,368	¥	165,476

					Millions	of Ye	1		
					March 3	1, 201	3		
			Contrac	t amo	unt	_			
			Total	C	Over one year		Fair value	Val	uation gain (loss)
Transactions listed on exchanges:									
Currency futures	Sold	¥	88,041	¥	4,954	¥	267	¥	267
	Bought		20,740		_		59		59
OTC transactions:									
Currency swaps			28,055,368		20,293,334		122,251		122,251
Forward contracts on foreign exchange	Sold		36,380,931		1,434,389		(769,916)		(769,916)
	Bought		34,675,049		1,484,990		870,134		870,134
Currency options	Sold		9,182,226		3,672,753		(316,101)		97,410
	Bought		8,830,059		3,617,165		288,372		(70,617)
Total			_		_	¥	195,066	¥	249,588
					Millions of U				
					September	30, 20	013		
			Contrac	t amo	unt	_		Vol	votion soin
			Total	C	Over one year		Fair value	vai	uation gain (loss)
Transactions listed on exchanges:									
Currency futures	Sold	\$	1,540	\$	53	\$	11	\$	11
	Bought		330		5		2		2
Currency options	Sold		0		_		(0)		0
	Bought		0		_		0		(0)
OTC transactions:									
Currency swaps			273,122		195,408		670		670
Forward contracts on foreign exchange	Sold		367,285		17,029		(4,517)		(4,517)
_	Bought		349,851		17,285		5,775		5,775
Currency options	Sold		89,156		34,074		(2,946)		887
	Bought		90,389		34,142		2,421		(1,135)

Total

1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) is reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.

1,416

1,693

2. Fair values are calculated using the discounted present value or other methods.

# (3) Equity related derivatives

		Millions of Yen												
					September	30, 20	013							
			Contrac	t amoun	t	_								
			Total	Ove	er one year		Fair value	Va	luation gain (loss)					
Transactions listed on exchanges:														
Stock index futures	Sold	¥	6,087	¥	_	¥	13	¥	13					
	Bought		2,549		-		3		3					
OTC transactions:														
OTC options on securities	Sold		184,657		176,800		(16,596)		(16,596)					
	Bought		184,657		176,800		16,596		16,596					
Total return swaps	Sold		_		-		_		-					
	Bought		3,229		3,229		(289)		(289)					
Total			_		_	¥	(271)	¥	(271)					
					Millions	of Ye	en							
					March 3	1, 201	13							
			Contrac	t amoun		,								
		_						Va	luation gain					
			Total	Ove	er one year		Fair value		(loss)					
Transactions listed on exchanges:														
Stock index futures	Sold	¥	1,283	¥	_	¥	(7)	¥	(7)					
	Bought		901		_		4		4					
OTC transactions:														
OTC options on securities	Sold		157,176		152,146		(8,941)		(7,180)					
	Bought		157,176		152,146		8,904		7,142					
Total return swaps	Sold		_		_		_		_					
	Bought		2,836		2,836		(220)		(220)					
Total					_	¥	(261)	¥	(261)					
					Millions of U	IS D	ollars							
					September									
			Contrac	t amoun		_	013							
			Total	Ov	er one year		Fair value	Va	luation gain (loss)					
Transactions listed on exchanges:			10141	OVI	one year		i aii vaiuc		(1033)					
Stock index futures	Sold	\$	62	\$	_	\$	0	\$	0					
Stock index ratines	Bought	Ψ.	26	~	_	~	0	~	0					
	Dougin						3		Ü					

#### Notes:

Total

**OTC transactions:** OTC options on securities

Total return swaps

1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) is reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.

1,889

1,889

33

1,809

1,809

33

\$

(170)

170

(3)

(3) \$

(170)

170

(3)

(3)

Sold

Sold

Bought

Bought

2. Fair values of transactions listed on exchanges are calculated using the last quoted market price at the Tokyo Stock Exchange Inc. or other exchanges at the semi-annual consolidated balance sheet date. Fair values of OTC transactions are calculated using option pricing models or other methods.

# (4) Bond related derivatives

		Millions of Yen September 30, 2013											
			- C 1		otember 3	0, 2013							
			Contrac	t amount			Valu	ation gain					
	Sold Bought		Total	Over one	/ear	Fair value		(loss)					
Transactions listed on exc	changes:												
Bond futures	Sold	¥	589,712	¥	- ¥	( / /	¥	(3,157)					
	Bought		1,966,375		_	16,011		16,011					
Bond futures options	Sold		3,587,186		_	(12,724)		689					
	Bought		3,721,235		_	4,018		(13,105)					
OTC transactions:													
Bond OTC options	Sold		478,500		_	(500)		74					
	Bought		378,500		_	425		59					
Bond forward contracts	Sold		101,194		-	(791)		(791)					
	Bought		26,495		_	129		129					
Total			_		- ¥	3,410	¥	(91)					
				ľ	Millions o	f Yen							
				N	March 31,	2013							
			Contrac	t amount									
								ation gain					
			Total	Over one y	/ear	Fair value		(loss)					
Fransactions listed on exc	changes:												
Bond futures	Sold	¥	704,406	¥	– ¥	( )	¥	(770)					
	•		2,024,027		_	3,569		3,569					
Bond futures options	Sold		3,857,803		-	(5,564)		2,139					
	Bought		2,936,304		_	2,572		(6,028)					
OTC transactions:													
Bond OTC options			_		-	_		_					
	Bought		450,000		_	417		(7)					
Bond forward contracts	Sold		77,308		_	(91)		(91)					
	Bought		133,503		_	50		50					
Total					- ¥	184	¥	(1,136)					
				Milli	ons of U.S	S. Dollars							
				Se	otember 30	0, 2013							
			Contrac	t amount									
			Total	Over one	/ear	Fair value		ation gain (loss)					
Transactions listed on exc	changes:			•									
Bond futures	Sold	\$	6,033	\$	- \$	S (32)	\$	(32)					
	Bought		20,116		_	164		164					
Bond futures options	Sold		36,698		_	(130)		7					
	Bought		38,069		_	41		(134)					
OTC transactions:	Č							` ′					
Bond OTC options	Sold		4,895		_	(5)		1					
			3,872		_	4		0					
Bond of C options	Dought												
-	Bought Sold				_	(8)		(8)					
Bond forward contracts	Sold Bought		1,035 271		-	(8) 1		(8) 1					

- 1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) is reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.
- 2. Fair values are calculated using the last quoted market price at the Tokyo Stock Exchange or others.

# (5) Commodity related derivatives

					Millions	of Y	'en		
					September	30,	2013		
			Contrac	t amoui	nt	_			
								Val	uation gain
			Total	Ov	er one year		Fair value		(loss)
OTC transactions:									
Commodity swaps	Receivable index volatility/								
	Payable floating rate	¥	167,409	¥	93,804	¥	(17,928)	¥	(17,928)
	Receivable floating rate/								
	Payable index volatility		178,863		95,287		18,466		18,466
Commodity options	Sold		210,191		127,004		(3,131)		(3,091)
	Bought		210,100		127,004		3,135		3,095
Total			-		_	¥	542	¥	542
					Millions	of Y	'en		
					March 3	1, 20	13		
			Contrac	t amou	nt	_			
								Val	uation gain
			Total	Ov	er one year		Fair value		(loss)
OTC transactions:									
Commodity swaps	Receivable index volatility/								
	Payable floating rate	¥	134,199	¥	65,786	¥	(24,121)	¥	(24,121)
	Receivable floating rate/								
	Payable index volatility		149,960		67,751		24,515		24,515
Commodity options	Sold		162,508		91,771		(4,248)		(4,191)
	Bought		162,506		91,771	**	4,254	**	4,198
Total					_	¥	399	¥	400
					Millions of U				
					September	30,	2013		
			Contrac	t amoui	nt	-			
			m . 1	0			P : 1	Val	uation gain
OTTC : ::			Total	OV	er one year		Fair value		(loss)
OTC transactions:	Descivable in Jen 1-4111								
Commodity swaps	Receivable index volatility/	\$	1,713	\$	960	\$	(183)	\$	(183)
	Payable floating rate  Receivable floating rate/	Ф	1,/13	Ψ	300	Φ	(103)	ψ	(103)
			1,830		975		189		189
Commodity antions	Payable index volatility Sold		2,150		1,299		(32)		(32)
Commodity options	Bought		2,130		1,299		32		32
Total	Dougiii		2,147		- 1,277	\$	6	\$	6
10141						Ф	0	Φ	U

#### Notes:

- 1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) is reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.
- 2. Fair values are calculated using the prices, contract periods of the underlying transactions and other factors composing the transactions.
- 3. Commodity is mainly related to oil.

# (6) Credit related derivatives

		Millions of Yen											
					Septemb	er 30	, 2013						
			Contra	et amou	nt								
			Total	Ove	er one year	-	Fair value	Val	uation gain (loss)				
OTC transactions:													
Credit default options	Sold Bought	¥	427,663 990,549	¥	349,560 712,660	¥	1,724 (2,075)	¥	1,724 (2,075)				
Total		<u> </u>	_		_	¥	(350)	¥	(350)				
					Million	ns of	Yen						
					March	31, 2	013						
			Contra	ct amou	nt	_							
							Valuation gain						
			Total	Ove	er one year		Fair value		(loss)				
OTC transactions:													
Credit default options	Sold	¥	515,577	¥	395,730	¥	(107)	¥	(107)				
	Bought		911,564		572,289		(1,336)		(1,336)				
Total			_		_	¥	(1,443)	¥	(1,443)				
					Millions of	U.S.	Dollars						
					Septemb	er 30	, 2013						
			Contra	ct amou	nt	_							
								Val	uation gain				
			Total	Ove	er one year		Fair value		(loss)				
OTC transactions:													
Credit default options	Sold	\$	4,375	\$	3,576	\$	18	\$	18				
	Bought		10,133		7,291		(21)		(21)				
Total			_		_	\$	(3)	\$	(3)				

#### Notes:

- 1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) is reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.
- 2. Fair values are calculated using discounted present value, option pricing models or other methods.
- 3. "Sold" refers to transactions underwriting credit risk and "Bought" refers to transactions delivering credit risk.

# (7) Other derivatives

		Millions of Yen											
					Septemb	er 30	, 2013						
			Contract	amou	nt	_							
			Total	Ov	er one year		Fair value	Val	uation gain (loss)				
OTC transactions:													
Earthquake derivatives	Sold	¥	13,353	¥	13,353	¥	(1,325)	¥	(95)				
	Bought		13,353		13,353		1,325		224				
SVF Wrap Products	Sold		1,506,049		1,506,049		(1)		(1)				
	Bought		_		_		_		_				
Other	Sold		_		_		_		_				
	Bought		4,616		4,616		129		129				
Total			_		_	¥	127	¥	256				

		Millions of Yen										
					March 3	31, 201	3					
			Contrac	et amou	nt	_						
			Total	Ove	er one year	]	Fair value		tion gain oss)			
OTC transactions:												
Earthquake derivatives	Sold	¥	7,000	¥	7,000	¥	(309)	¥	63			
	Bought		7,000		7,000		309		(63)			
SVF Wrap Products	Sold		802,463		802,463		(0)		(0)			
	Bought		-		_		_		_			
Other	Sold		-		_		_		_			
	Bought		8,015		8,015		87		87			
Total						¥	86	¥	86			
					Millions of	U.S. D	ollars					
					Septembe	r 30, 20	013					
			Contrac	et amou	nt	_						
								* * 1				
			Total	Ove	ar one wear	1	Fair value		tion gain			
OTC transactions:			Total	Ove	er one year	]	Fair value		oss)			
OTC transactions: Earthquake derivatives	Sold	\$	Total	Ove	er one year	\$	Fair value (14)					
		\$			· ·			(1	oss)			
Earthquake derivatives	Sold Bought Sold	\$	137		137		(14)	(1	oss) (1) 2			
	Bought	\$	137 137		137 137		(14) 14	(1	oss) (1) 2			
Earthquake derivatives  SVF Wrap Products	Bought Sold	\$	137 137		137 137		(14) 14 (0)	(1	oss) (1) 2			
Earthquake derivatives	Bought Sold Bought	\$	137 137		137 137		(14) 14 (0)	(1	oss) (1)			

- 1. The transactions above are stated at fair value and the related valuation gain (loss) is reported in the semi-annual consolidated statements of income.
- 2. Fair values are calculated using option pricing models or other methods.
- 3. "SVF Wrap Products" are derivative instruments which the Bank guarantees payment of the principal to the 401(k) investors who invest in Stable Value Fund.

#### 22. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS OR DIVESTITURES

There was neither a business combination nor divestiture to be disclosed for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### 23. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### Notes:

- (1) "Ordinary income (expenses)" and "Ordinary profit (loss)" are defined as follows:
  - 1) "Ordinary profit (loss)" means "Ordinary income" less "Ordinary expenses."
  - 2) "Ordinary income" means total income less certain special income included in "Other income" in the accompanying semi-annual consolidated statement of income.
  - 3) "Ordinary expenses" means total expenses less certain special expenses included in "Other expenses" in the accompanying semi-annual consolidated statement of income.
- (2) A reconciliation of the ordinary profit under the internal management reporting system for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 to income before income taxes and minority interests shown on the accompanying semi-annual consolidated statements of income was as follows:

				M	illions of
		Millions of	Yen	U.S	S. Dollars
Six-month periods ended September 30	·	2013	2012		2013
Ordinary profit (loss):	¥	574,599 ¥	439,463	\$	5,878
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		5,418	1,968		55
Reversal of reserve under special laws		_	37		-
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(3,387)	(4,367)		(35)
Impairment loss of long-lived assets		(1,791)	(2,020)		(18)
Provision for reserve under special laws		(320)	_		(3)
Settlement package		(24,537)	_		(251)
Loss on sales of shares of subsidiaries		(2,172)	_		(22)
Income before income taxes and minority interests	¥	547,807 ¥	435,080	\$	5,604

#### September 30, 2013 and 2012:

#### (1) Reportable segments

The reportable segments of the Bank are subject to the periodical review by the Board of Directors, which is the chief operating decision maker to determine the allocation of management resources and assess performances.

The Bank has established its business units according to the characteristics of customers and the nature of business. Each business unit engages in business activities based on comprehensive strategies developed for and aimed at respective targeted customers and businesses. Accordingly, the Bank's operation comprises segments classified by customers and business, and "Retail Banking Business Unit," "Corporate Banking Business Unit," "Global Business Unit," "Global Markets Unit" and "Other units" are identified as the reportable segments.

Retail Banking Business Unit : Providing financial services to individual customers in Japan Corporate Banking Business Unit : Providing financial services to corporate customers in Japan

Global Business Unit : Providing financial services to overseas individual and corporate customers
Global Markets Unit : Foreign exchange, funds and securities transactions for customers and

markets, liquidity and cash management

Other units : Settlement and custody services, investments, internal coordination, etc.

#### (2) Calculation method of gross operating income and net operating income

Accounting policies adopted by the reportable segments are almost the same as those described in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," except for the scope of consolidation. The scope of consolidation is limited to the major subsidiaries. The figures used are based on the internal administration basis before consolidation adjustments including elimination of internal profits. The accounting methods for income and expenses over the multiple segments are based on the internal management accounting standards which are based on the market values.

### (3) Reportable segment information

							Mil	llions of Ye	en							
	Retail		C	Corporate		Global Bus	ines	s Unit	_,	Global						
Six-month period ended September 30, 2013		Banking Business Unit		Banking Business Unit		Total		of which UNBC)		Markets Unit		Other units				Total
Gross operating income	¥	297,024	¥	343,002	¥	434,335	¥	175,192	¥	180,885	¥	(6,295)	¥	1,248,952		
Non-consolidated		256,331		333,447		209,937		_		176,076		(14,038)		961,754		
Net interest income		192,056		167,223		109,837		_		56,427		33,197		558,742		
Net non-interest																
income		64,275		166,224		100,099		_		119,648		(47,235)		403,011		
Subsidiaries		40,692		9,554		224,398		175,192		4,809		7,743		287,197		
Expenses		226,681		161,815		266,748		124,500		30,086		61,790		747,122		
Net operating income	¥	70,343	¥	181,186	¥	167,587	¥	50,691	¥	150,798	¥	(68,085)	¥	501,830		

							Mil	lions of Ye	en					
		Retail		Corporate		Global Bus	ines	s Unit	_	Global				
Six-month period ended	I	Banking	]	Banking				. C 1. : . 1.		Markets		Other		Total
September 30, 2012	F	Business	I	Business		Total		of which		Unit		units		Total
		Unit		Unit				UNBC)		Unit				
Gross operating income	¥	293,734	¥	330,121	¥	317,095	¥	130,785	¥	369,967	¥	15,085	¥	1,326,004
Non-consolidated		247,850		316,409		144,314		_		365,154		10,281		1,084,011
Net interest income		207,185		168,511		72,274		_		87,528		27,980		563,479
Net non-interest														
income		40,664		147,898		72,040		_		277,626		(17,699)		520,531
Subsidiaries		45,883		13,712		172,780		130,785		4,812		4,804		241,993
Expenses		227,659		167,593		200,410		91,965		24,107		63,796		683,567
Net operating income	¥	66,075	¥	162,527	¥	116,685	¥	38,819	¥	345,859	¥	(48,710)	¥	642,436

					Mil	lions	of U.S. I	Oollars	S		
	]	Retail	Co	orporate	Global Bus	iness	Unit	_ ,	21.1.1		
Six-month period ended September 30, 2013		anking usiness Unit		anking usiness Unit	Total	( -	f which JNBC)		Global Iarkets Unit	Other units	Total
Gross operating income	\$	3,039	\$	3,509	\$ 4,443	\$	1,792	\$	1,850	\$ (64)	\$ 12,777
Non-consolidated		2,623		3,411	2,148		_		1,801	(144)	9,839
Net interest income		1,965		1,711	1,124		_		577	339	5,716
Net non-interest											
income		658		1,700	1,024		_		1,224	(483)	4,123
Subsidiaries		416		98	2,295		1,792		49	80	2,938
Expenses		2,319		1,655	2,729		1,274		308	632	7,643
Net operating income	\$	720	\$	1,854	\$ 1,714	\$	518	\$	1,542	\$ (696)	\$ 5,134

- 1. "Gross operating income" corresponds to net sales of non-banking industries.
- 2. "Gross operating income" includes net interest income, net fees and commission, net trading income and net other operating income.
- 3. "Expenses" includes personnel expenses and premise expenses.
- 4. Assets or liabilities by reportable segments are not shown since the Bank does not allocate assets or liabilities to segments for the purpose of internal control.
- 5. UNBC (UnionBanCal Corporation) is a bank holding company which owns Union Bank, N.A. in the United States of America as a subsidiary.
- (4) A reconciliation of the ordinary profit under the internal management reporting system and "Net operating income" in the table above is as follows:

				Mil	lions of
		Millions of	Yen	U.S.	Dollars
Six-month periods ended September 30		2013	2012	2	2013
Net operating income per reportable segment information	¥	501,830 ¥	642,436	\$	5,134
Net business profit of consolidated subsidiaries excluded from					
the reportable segment information		30,568	26,490		313
Provision of general allowance for credit losses		_	10,517		_
Credit related expenses		(46,056)	(67,044)		(471)
Reversal of allowance for credit losses		58,858	_		602
Reversal of reserve for contingent losses (credit related)		2,622	1,658		27
Gains on collection of bad debts		17,240	18,549		176
Gains (losses) on equity securities and other securities		32,815	(166,414)		336
Equity in earnings of the equity method investees		5,182	6,028		53
Amortization of net unrecognized actuarial gain or loss		(18,823)	(26,280)		(193)
Other		(9,638)	(6,479)		(99)
Ordinary profit under the internal management reporting system	¥	574,599 ¥	439,463	\$	5,878

Notes:

1. "Credit related expenses" includes write-offs of loans for the six-month period ended September 30, 2013 and write-offs of loans and provision of specific allowance for credit losses for the six-month period ended September 30, 2012.

2. "Losses on equity securities and other securities" includes gains or losses on sales of equity securities and losses on write-down of equity securities.

## (5) Other segment related information

## 1) Information by services

-)						
			Mil	lions of Yen		
Six-month period ended September 30, 2013	<u></u>	Banking		Other	Total	
Ordinary income from external customers	¥	1,708,937	¥	56,739	¥	1,765,676
			Mil	lions of Yen		
Six-month period ended September 30, 2012		Banking		Other		Total
Ordinary income from external customers	¥	1,661,290	¥	49,617	¥	1,710,908
		M	illions	s of U.S. Dolla	ars	
Six-month period ended September 30, 2013	· ·	Banking		Other		Total
Ordinary income from external customers	\$	17,483	\$	580	\$	18,063
Note: "Ordinary income" corresponds to net sales of not	n-bankiı	ng industries.				

### 2) Information by geographic region

### A) Ordinary income

					Mill	ions of Yen						
	Six-month period ended September 30, 2013											
Europe/Middle												
Japan	Japan USA North America Latin America East Asia/Oceania Total											
¥ 1,143,886	¥	296,745	¥	6,412	¥	17,492	¥	97,337	¥	203,803	¥	1,765,676

					Milli	ions of Yen							
Six-month period ended September 30, 2012													
Europe/Middle													
Japan		USA	SA North America Latin America East Asia/Oceania Total										
¥ 1,208,741	¥	234,558	¥	3,791	¥	10,952	¥	80,817	¥	172,047	¥	1,710,908	

				Mil	lions o	f U.S. Doll	ars					
Six-month period ended September 30, 2013												
 Europe/Middle												
 Japan USA North America Latin America East Asia/Oceania Total										Total		
\$ 11,702	\$	3,036	\$	65	\$	179	\$	996	\$	2,085	\$	18,063

### Notes:

- 1. "Ordinary income" corresponds to net sales of non-banking industries.
- 2. "Ordinary income" is classified into counties or geographic regions based on the locations of the head office or branches of the Bank and subsidiaries.

## B) Tangible fixed assets

				N	Aillions of Ye	n					
	As of September 30, 2013										
					Latin	Europe/N	/liddle				
	Japan USA North America America East							Asia	/Oceania	Total	
¥	851,688 ¥	317,700	¥ 99	¥	2,274	¥	5,912	¥	10,663	¥ 1,188,339	

					I	Millions of Ye	n				
	As of September 30, 2012										
	Latin Europe/Middle										
Japan		USA	North Americ	a		America	nerica East		Asia	/Oceania	Total
¥ 858,932	¥	221,261	¥ 8	0	¥	842	¥	3,831	¥	7,256	¥ 1,092,204

### Millions of U.S. Dollars

			A	s of Septembe	er 30,	, 2013				
				Latin		Europe/Mi	ddle			
Ja	apan	USA	North America	America		East		Asia	/Oceania	Total
\$	8,713 \$	3,250	\$ 1	\$	23	\$	61	\$	109	\$ 12,157

3) Information on impairment loss of fixed assets by reportable segment Impairment loss of fixed assets is not allocated to the reportable segments. The impairment loss was \$1,791 million (\$18 million) and \$2,020 million for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

## 4) Information on amortization and unamortized balance of goodwill by reportable segment

4) Information on amorti	zation	and un	amortiz	zed bala	ance of good	will t	y report	able se	gment				
					N	Aillic	ns of Ye	n					
	Re	tail	Corp	orate	Global Bu	sines	s Unit	CI	-11				
	Ban	king	Ban	king	Total	(of	(of which		Global Markets		her		T.4.1
Six-month period ended	Business		Business			UNBC)				ur	nits		Total
September 30, 2013	)13 U		U	nit				Unit					
Amortization	¥	92	¥	_	¥ 8,675	¥	8,646	¥	_	¥	_	¥	8,768
Unamortized balance		2,596		35	280,484	2	279,380		_		_	2	283,116
					N	Aillic	ns of Ye	n					
	Re	tail	Corp	orate	Global Bu	sines	s Unit	C1	obal				
	Ban	nking Banking		Total	(of	which		rkets	Ot	her		Total	
Six-month period ended	Business		Business			U	NBC)			ur	nits		Total
September 30, 2012	Unit		U	nit				U	nit				
Amortization	¥	92	¥	1	¥ 7,038	¥	7,008	¥	_	¥	_	¥	7,132
Unamortized balance		2,782		46	219,537	2	218,373		-		_	2	222,366
					Milli	ons o	f U.S. D	ollars					
	Re	tail	Corp	orate	Global Bu	sines	s Unit	CL	obal				
	Ban	king	Ban	king	Total	(of	which			Ot	her	,	Total
Six-month period ended	Business Business		iness		UNBC)		Markets Unit		un	its		Total	
September 30, 2013	U	nit	Unit			U	IIII						
Amortization	\$	1	\$	-	\$ 89	\$	88	\$	-	\$	_	\$	90
Unamortized balance		27		0	2,869		2,858		-		_		2,896
Note: Amortization of go	odwill	not all	ocated	to the	reportable se	gmer	nt as of S	eptem	ber 30,	2013	was ¥1	mil	lion (\$0

Note: Amortization of goodwill not allocated to the reportable segment as of September 30, 2013 was ¥1 million (\$0 million).

# 24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

### Cash dividends

The following cash dividends applicable to the reporting period ended September 30, 2013 were approved at the Board of Directors' meeting held on November 14, 2013:

	M	illions of	Mi	llions of
		Yen	U.S	. Dollars
Interim cash dividends:				
Common stock, ¥7.35 (\$0.08) per share	¥	90,772	\$	928
Preferred stock-first series of Class 7, ¥57.50 (\$0.59) per share		8,970		92
Total	¥	99,742	\$	1,020

#### 25. VOLUNTARY TENDER OFFER

### Commencement of a Voluntary Tender Offer for Krungsri Shares

At the Board of Directors meeting held on July 2, 2013, the Bank signed a Share Tender Agreement (STA) with GE Capital International Holdings Corporation (GE Capital) regarding GE Capital's shareholding in Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited (Krungsri). The Bank has resolved to launch a Voluntary Tender Offer (VTO), which is subject to satisfactory regulatory approvals, approval at the shareholders meeting of Krugsri and fulfillment of certain conditions, with an aim to take a majority stake in Krugsri. Following this announcement, all conditions precedent required to launch the VTO have been fulfilled and the Bank commenced the VTO on November 7, 2013.

GE Capital will, pursuant to the STA, participate and tender its entire shareholding of 1,538,365 thousand shares (approximately 25.33% of total outstanding shares) in the VTO.

#### **Objectives of the Transaction**

As part of the strategy designed to further develop business in Asia, the Bank has aimed to establish a comprehensive commercial banking platform in the region. The investment in Krungsri sets an important step for growth in Thailand, and the Bank seeks to further strengthen its offering of financial services and meet the diverse financial needs of its customers operating in the country.

#### **Transaction Summary**

(1) Overview of Krungsri

Corporate name: Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited

Name and title of the representative: Mrs. Janice Van Ekeren, CEO

Location: Bangkok, Thailand

Year of establishment: 1945

Business description: Commercial bank

Paid-in capital: 60,741 million baht (as of December 31, 2012)

Number of shares outstanding: 6,074,143,747 common shares (as of December 31, 2012)

Fiscal year end: December

Financial summary of Krungsri for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012:

(millions of baht)

Gross profit: 61,188
Operating income: 30,390
Net income attributable to shareholders: 14,625
Total assets: 1,071,965
Net equity: 113,486

Notes:

- 1. "Operating income" refers to the difference between "Gross profit" and "Operating expenses."
- 2. Above figures are sourced from the Form 56-1 of Krungsri based on the Securities Exchange Act of Thailand.
- (2) Type of shares to be purchased:

Common shares

- (3) Period of the VTO:
  - 25 business days in Thailand from November 7, 2013 through December 13, 2013.
- (4) VTO price:

39 baht per share

(5) Number of shares to be purchased by the Bank:

The Bank has commenced the VTO for all the outstanding shares of Krungsri. Assuming that the Ratanarak Group, which is a group of shareholders mainly consisting of the Ratanarak family, does not plan to tender their Krungsri shares (approximately 25% of Krungsri's total outstanding shares), the Bank will purchase a maximum of approximately 75% of Krungsri's total outstanding shares. The minimum and maximum number of shares planned to be purchased have not been determined for this VTO.

(6) Fund required for the VTO:

Approximately ¥560 billion (Notes 1 and 2)

Notes:

1. Calculated based on the exchange rate of THB 1=\$3.15

- 2. The amount of required fund, based on all of the outstanding shares excluding the shares held by Ratanarak Group, are tendered and purchased. If the entire amount of outstanding shares including the shares held by Ratanarak Group are tendered and purchased, the amount of required fund is estimated to be ¥ 750 billion.
- (7) Prospects for the future:

Krungsri is scheduled to become a consolidated subsidiary of the Bank once the Bank has purchased a majority of common shares issued by Krungsri.

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